Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
OF NEW YORK.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HENRY GREEN,
Of Northampton.
AUDITOR GENERAL,
JOHN A. LEMON,
Of Blair.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

WHAT a great thing it is to be an Ohio General!

HERE'S to Garfield and Arthur, and victory in November.

THE nomination of James A. Garfield is a victory for the whole Republican party.

THE Democracy will assemble in convention at Cincinnati next Tuesday to nominate a man for Garfield to walk over.

NONE of the Democratic leaders seem to know whether Tilden wants the nomination or not. This isn't strange, for he doesn't know himself.

BY the way, that crow banquet which anxious friends were so kind as to promise for the REPUBLICAN seems to have been indefinitely postponed.

SEYMOUR is now declining the nomination for President about once a week on an average. He will probably keep this thing up as long as Tilden stays on the track.

THE Greenbackers became so exuberant at the opening of their convention that they rose up and applauded the prayer which began it, probably mistaking it for a stump speech. Wonder if they will applaud the funeral in November.

THE steamer Narragansett, running between New York and Stonington, was run into by the Stonington on Friday night, off the Connecticut river. The former took fire immediately and was burned to the water's edge. Nearly a hundred passengers are missing. A frightful scene ensued on board after the collision.

THE Democratic mud operators, says the *Tribune*, seem to forget that all their ammunition has been condemned as worthless. General Garfield's record as a statesman has been built up almost entirely since these old and feeble scandals were first published. In the face of them the Republicans of Ohio have continued to send him to Congress with larger and larger majorities, and their final verdict on them was the election of a Legislature whose Republican members voted unanimously to make him Senator. The opinion of friends and neighbors is likely to have full as much influence on the country as that of Democratic vilifiers.

THERE is a bill before Congress which well merits the approval of all Senators and Representatives. It simply proposes to show appreciation of the unselfish labors of the men engaged in the life-saving service by extending what is really only insignificant relief to the widows and orphans of those who perish in the performance of their duty. The pay of these men is small, and it is necessarily with much difficulty that they can, when in good health, administer to the needs of their wives and little ones, and when they are snatched suddenly, quickly away, while striving to save the lives of their fellow-beings, it is but as little as Congress can do to give the surviving and sorrowing members of their households, at least, the pittance proposed in the shape of a pension.

A Skirmish of Scurrility.

It never rains but it pours, but it sometimes thunders when it doesn't rain. The terribly terrified Democracy have found, since the Chicago nominations, that their ordinary whistling will not avail to keep up their courage, so they commence throwing mud furiously and yelling at the top of their lungs, in the hope of communicating their fright to somebody else.

We have not yet seen a Republican who is scared or is likely to be by anything our enemies can say about our candidates. Scarce had the news from the convention of the final selection arrived, and the Democracy recovered from their first paralyzing fright, than they commenced their tirade of abuse, and "our ears are cudgelled" with the noise they make. One would be tempted to believe, if he could credit all the opposition talkers and writers say, that Generals Garfield and Arthur were among the vilest of the vile, and that the fact had been well known all the time. If it were a fact, it is a little strange that our immaculate opponents had not thought of it before, for Gen. Garfield, at least, has been very prominently before the country for many years. Now, however, for the first time, we learn what a notorious villain he has been all the while. To cap the climax of his iniquities, he is accused of having been a preacher and to have been dismissed, or "kicked out," as the story tellers kindly phrase it. We don't propose to seriously answer the insane charges which our insane opponents invent, but as to Gen. Garfield having been a preacher, we have a statement from the Philadelphia *Times* of a few months since, which tells us how the rumor got about. Gen. Garfield was for several years president of a college in Ohio, which was under the control of a denomination known as Disciples. It was his custom to deliver addresses upon religious topics on Sunday evenings, and hence came the impression thathe was at one time a preacher. Never having been in the ministry, of course he was not turned out of it. For the rest there is not a charge against him that is worth noticing. Yet we could wish that our friends—for most of them are so personally—would be less excited and make less noise. Many of us can say:

"Zounds! I was never so bethumpd with words
Since I first called my brother's father dad."

Such words do not hurt, but it is sometimes unpleasant to listen to them. "Let us have peace."

We had hoped that the days of promiscuous scurrility and dirt-throwing had gone by, that this campaign would be conducted as by a nation of people who are bound to honor in advance, at least in appearance, one who may be our chief magistrate. We supposed that all classes and all parties in this country had learned that campaigns are not won by indiscriminate abuse and reckless assertion. We have believed that an age of greater refinement, good taste and good will had dawned in our political career, and that fairness and courtesy were henceforth to be the rule in discussing public affairs or men.

But we will not despair of the Republic yet (or even of the Democracy), but hope that the present craze is but temporary, and that good sense and good nature will eventually prevail.

THE State Board of Agriculture met at Gettysburg Wednesday. In connection with this it is well to mention that the "army worm" is reported to be committing great ravages on the crops, and serious fears are entertained. This horde is said to be rapidly moving eastward, and the proper authorities should take such steps as may in their judgment seem best to avert the march of this destroying plague. It would seem to be the province of this society to look after that matter.

THE third-term idea is buried, and buried forever.

Hon. James A. Garfield.

James Abraham Garfield, the Republican nominee for President, was born in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, near Cleveland, in 1831. At two years old he and three others were left orphans. While young he was obliged to work hard on the farm which his mother conducted. In the winter he worked at carpentering. He followed canal boating a while, soon afterward attending a school academy, where he was aided by money which his mother had saved. By doing carpenter jobs and other work he managed to lay by a little sum of money, and in 1854 he entered Williams College, graduating in 1856 with honors. He went back to Ohio, and became president of a college kept up by a religious sect called the Disciples, with whom he associated in his beliefs and opinions. He occasionally preached on Sundays, as any one of this sect may do without ordination. He never considered himself a minister, and his ambition soared toward politics and law. In 1859, while yet college president, Garfield was elected to the Ohio Senate. The war breaking out he became a leader in the Union party, and in 1861 was elected colonel of the Forty-first Ohio infantry. He routed the rebels under Humphry Marshall, at Pickston. He took an active part in the war, and was made major general for gallant conduct at Chickamauga. In 1862 his friends elected him to Congress, he, believing the war could not last another year, having accepted the nomination. He proved himself a good debater, and soon won recognition, although at first unpopular with his fellow members. Since then his district has returned him to Congress at every election, and last January he was elected to fill the seat in the Senate which will be vacated by Mr. Thurman on the 4th of next March.

General Garfield married Miss Lucretia Randolph, a farmer's daughter, during his college professorship in Ohio. Their life has been a happy one. They have had seven children, two of whom died in infancy.

THE Western Union monopoly has appointed a committee to consider the subject of equalizing its charges, a proposition which would never have been listened to had not the establishment of a formidable opposition made it necessary. As long as the greedy, grasping corporation had things its own way our people were sorely bled every time a telegram was sent, and this fact should be remembered, however much its charges may now be reduced. The object of course is to diminish rates with the hope that the competition may compel the opposition to succumb, and then increase them to the old figure; but if we are not mistaken it will be found that the new antagonist is of a different breed of dogs from those that have heretofore been driven into the choice between a sale and bankruptcy.

THAT perjury can be so cultivated as to become a science is abundantly proven by the committee appointed to ascertain if one councilman tried to corrupt another in the Philadelphia council. Who the perjurer is is something that thus far we shouldn't think any fellow could tell, but that there is certainly one who has sworn falsely is manifest, and the sooner his identity is established the better it will be for his constituents and the public generally. Such a man has no right to retain his place in the councils or associate with reputable people.

THE National Conventions of 1856–1860–1876 adjourned on the third day. Two others finished the labors in two days. The Chicago Convention put in almost half the entire time occupied by its six predecessors.

THE English farmers are alarmed at the inroads made by American competition, and are seriously talking of abandoning the production of wheat and cheese, in favor of more perishable objects.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 10, '80.

The country is to be congratulated in the wise selection made at Chicago on Tuesday, and the party is to be congratulated on the wisdom of its leaders in choosing a man so eminently qualified in every way to to fill the highest office in the Nation's gift. The nomination of General Garfield, after the exciting contest between the three prominent gentlemen, is proof positive of the strength and unity of the Republican party, of the liberty, freedom and solidity of our government. We see, and with great pleasure and pride, that the men of our party are men enough to work manfully for candidate who, in their opinion, is the strongest, and men of principle and mind enough, when the majority decides against them, to join heartily and enthusiastically in the fight against the common enemy of our party. In the above principle lies the strength and power of the Republican party. We have no contending factions or treacherous minorities to fight, no anxious looking to the rear in time of battle; but we are solidly united, everyone is satisfied, yes, enthusiastic.

In General Garfield we have a leader worthy of the cause, one who has climbed the ladder by his own exertion and merit, round by round, from obscurity to the pinnacle of fame. He needs no introduction to the people. Since he left the battle fields of his country to accept a seat in the House of Representatives, in 1863, public attention has been drawn to him more and more as the ablest champion of Republican principles, equal rights to all mankind, the maintenance of our national honor, and the protection and perpetuation of our liberties.

Mr. Garfield is one of the noblest products of our institutions. As a soldier his record has no flaw, and as a statesman his record is a part of the history of our country. The personal qualities of General Garfield will endear him to the people. Hearty and genial in the treatment of all who come to him with fair cause or honest purpose, he is inflexible in his convictions, a staunch friend and a splendid fighter. He is even better fitted for the Presidency than for partisan leadership, since the judicial temper which has sometimes hindered him in Congress is precisely what will command the confidence of the whole country in the White House. Our representatives in convention have given us a splendid candidate, a man so pure and loyal that the shafts of slander will fall broken at his feet. Under the most favorable auspices we approach another Presidential campaign. They make its result a foregone conclusion. The Republic is safe in the hands of those who preserved it.

There is nothing of importance to note in the proceedings of Congress. Both Houses yesterday agreed to adjourn on the 16th. The appropriation bills submitted to conference committee are agreed upon, and it is now certain that all important business will be through by the day named. PHIL.

The Bogus Diploma Business.

There seems to be a prospect at last that the disgrace so long resting upon the fame of Philadelphia in the non-suppression of this nefarious traffic will soon be a thing of the past. The arrest of the principal offender and the exposure of the whole business, through the detective influences of the *Record*, is certainly an important step in this direction. We sincerely trust that no legal technicalities will be allowed to stand in the way of a rigid enforcement of the law and the condign punishment of all those who have taken any part in this abominable violation of law and morals. Why it was not long since brought to a summary end seems now to be a matter of surprise with all right-thinking people. Its atrocity was universally recognized, and its evil effects must have been generally apparent for many years, and yet it has been tolerated and left to thrive in the hands of evil-doers as if there was no remedy to counteract it.

It has often been wondered why some decided action looking to its suppression was not long since taken by the medical societies of the city. We incline to the view that much good might have been done in the matter, even if it only resulted in stirring up an indignant public sentiment against the bogus diploma manufacturers. This public sentiment is at times, however, a very uncertain staff on which to lean, and medical men do not usually appeal to it unless there is some substantial prospect that they will be sustained in any movement that they may make hostile to quackery or fraud. There are plenty of our people, otherwise intelligent, who would see in such a contest with crime nothing more than an effort of one set of doctors to interfere with the actions of another set. The cause of good education and and a high professional standard would be lost sight of by them, and in the judgment of critics it would be cut down to a struggle for practice, from which let who will come out the victor. It is much better as it is, that the exposure should come from others outside the medical profession, as in this way the mind of the general public will be made to comprehend fully the enormity of the offence committed by these wholesale manufacturers of uneducated graduates and wholly unprepared practitioners, sent abroad to endanger the lives of an unsuspeting public from one end of the country to the other, and also in foreign lands. We trust that in time a step farther will be reached, when the masses of the people will be able, in their choice of a physician, to distinguish for themselves the difference between one who has been regularly educated at a good medical school and another who has, perhaps, passed only the day before from the blacksmith shop or the tow-path, by the purchase of a diploma, into the ranks of the medical profession. At present the degree of M. D. may, in the latter case, cover a multitude of deficiencies and an increased mass of ignorance and presumption.

The Whipping Post.

THE sensitive natures and sentimental dispositions of many persons seem to have been rudely shocked by the proposition of a Philadelphia grand jury for the last term to introduce the whipping post into that county as a means of punishment of a certain class of criminals, but there are also many people quite sensible and humane, who would not feel at all horrified to learn that that very mode of punishment would be resorted to here for the relief of the people at large against the swarm of petty criminals who keep the courts constantly occupied and the station-houses and jails constantly filled. It is not the vindictive punishment of the pick-pocket or the wife-beater that is desired, but a repressive influence that will lessen the number of either class of those offenders and others of like nature, and nothing would do this so effectually as a knowledge that a brisk application of leather would be the consequence. It is not a very velvety way of treating them, to be sure. Nothing could be more "brutalizing" than hanging, yet it has to be resorted to, not so much for sending capital offenders out of the world as to morally deter others from committing crimes punished in that way. The application of a rope's end in either case may be made a brutalizing spectacle, but in neither must it necessarily be so. The treatment of crime is not a matter to be conducted on sentimental grounds, and, although the weight of opinion may be against the reintroduction of the whipping post into the State, the proposition is not one that is wholly shocking and barbarous and disgraceful as to entail upon the jurymen who submitted it the unmeasurable condemnation they received therefor from some quarters. A year's trial of it would doubtless make converts by the thousand even from the ranks of the very tender hearted and sensitive folks who have been so rudely shocked by the bare suggestion of its reintroduction.

Deceived by Appearances.

A Hartford jeweler recently directed the attention of a friend to a rough appearing old farmer sauntering down Main street and remarked, "I've been worse sold on that man than on any other in my whole business life." The man, fully three score years and ten, wore shabby pantaloons, rough cow hide boots, innocent of the slightest traces of blacking; a vest soiled in front and the back partly in tatters; was in his shirt sleeves, without collar, and his head covered by a tile rashianable many years ago. "That was about his style," continued the merchant, "when he dropped in at my store one day during the war, and said he wanted to buy a watch. Judging from his appearance that he meant some time in the future, after the scarecrow season was over and he had drawn his money, I didn't bustle around very lively to make a trade. I concluded that a $10 silver watch would just about close out his pile, and shoved one across the counter to him. He merely glanced at it, and quietly asked, "Don't you keep anything better?" This nettled me, and for a bluff I hauled out an American watch, one of the costliest we had in the store, worth $175 in gold, and gold was worth somewhere about 200 then. He examined it carefully asked its price and then to my amazement said, "That'll do." He dived down into his pantaloons pocket, and after fishing out of the way a roll of greenbacks as large as your hat, he hauled up a purse of gold, counted out the $175, shoved the watch into his vest pocket and walked out. You may imagine that this excited my curiosity and after awhile I ascertained who my strange customer was. He lived a few miles down the river and was worth enough to buy out the whole establishment. Since then I haven't tried any more bluffs on plainly-dressed men. You can't always tell by a man's clothes what he's got down in his pockets."

Items of Interest.

When is the fire like a bad husband? When it goes out at night.

In California there are about 800,000 cattle and 800,000 sheep.

There are 6,000 miles of telegraph and telephone wire in New York city.

A great deal of jet and colored bead embroideries appear on full dress summer toilets.

The average yield of potatoes in 1879 were only sixty-nine bushels per acre.

A Boston paper suggests that it is now safe to treat a girl with coolness—flavored with vanilla.

It istimated that seventy years and $1,000,000 will be required to complete the excavations at Pompeii.

A young lady resembles ammunition, because the powder is needed before the ball.

It is the same with nature as with humanity, when the land gets worn out the farmers plaster it.

Coal is raised from the French mines in the Creuzot district by means of compressed air, the process also ventilating the mines.

The difference between horse-radish and redish horse is this—One is not a horse at all and the other is a horse of another color.

The steel industry of the United States is now the second in the world, and in another year will lead that of Great Britain.

Cayenne pepper blown into the cracks where the ants congregate will drive them away. The same remedy is good also for mice.

The Chinese ambassadress at Paris is unable to stand on account of her fashionably mutilated feet. She is held up by two persons of her suit.

Fashion Notes.

Camel's hair scarfs are embroidered in colors for summer wear.

Almost every color is blended in the head embroideries which trim costly gowns.

Oatmeal cloth for dresses now has threads of red and blue silk woven in its tissue.

Shoes with white embroidery went out of favor almost before they were introduced..

Handkerchief costumes will be easily cut up for dusters, which is something in their favor.

Gold and black braid placed in alternate rows are used for some perfectly amazing hats.

Black and white double faced ribbons are the prettiest trimming for black and white lace dresses.

Squares of Brussels net with the hem embroidered in pale colored dots are worn around the neck.

Scarfs of plaid zephyr cloth and fans of zephyr let into the flounce are used to bright bunting dresses.

The satin plaitings used for illumination are placed on light evening dresses as well as walking costumes.

Imitation Mechlin lace needs a very little stiffening to make it look well, but starch spoils Breton Languedoc.

Spotted foulards are made into princess dresses for little girls, and Madras handkerchiefs are worn with them.

Do not use dairy implements made of soft wood. They soon become saturated with oil of old butter, and injure the quality of all new butter they come in contact with.

Poetry.

A Cherished Notion.

BY VANDYKE BROWN.

Do you know, I cherish the notion,
Were I as rich as I'd like to be,
With my own little yacht on the ocean,
And a cottage somewhere by the sea,
With a brown-stone front in the city,
A cultured friend in the Hub,
And the chairman of some committee
In a thoroughly high-toned club:

Do you know, I've a notion, my daisy,
If this blissful condition were mine,
That, somehow, I shouldn't go crazy
Over my old vintage of wine,
Nor collect earthenware from the potters,
Nor presume to set the world right,
Nor keep a whole stable of trotters,
Nor grapple the "tiger" at night;

Nor marry, as some do, an heiress,
For beauty or fame of blood,
Nor follow the crowd to Paris
(If New York were swept of its mud).
No, none of these things would answer
My dreams of earthly bliss,
For I hold my little entrancer
To a fancy somewhat like this:

That with all the wealth of Golconda
I never could hope to buy,
Though over the world I should wander,
One glance from a lovelit eye;
For love is a subtle treasure
Which cannot be bought or sold—
Which comes at its own sweet pleasure,
And is held by no chains of gold.

I could buy, with my fancied riches,
All grosser and tangible things;
The vulgar display which bewitches
The rabble, who feel not its stings;
I could buy, on my gold relying,
All products of labor and art—
But where is the market for buying
A true and loving heart?

And this is the notion I cherish:
However rich I may be,
If love were to wither and perish
I should die in my poverty.
And though to have millions were pleasant,
If having them parted us two,
Then I'd choose to be but a peasant—
A peasant with love and you!

—*New York Clipper.*

Our Story Teller.

THE BRIDE ELECT.

'I really don't see, Kate, how you can reconcile your conscience to put up with all his exactions and whims,' said old Miss Thorne, with a troubled cloud upon her usually rosy and serene face.

'But, Aunt Penelope, he loves me."

'He has a curious way of showing his love, then, that is all I have to say.'

'And we are to be married next week,' added Kate Thorne, her cheeks flushing softly as she spoke.

'Then I hope the marriage will work the miracle of change in him,' said Aunt Penelope, tartly. 'For, to speak the honest truth, unless he does alter his ways I don't see much chance of solid happiness for you, my child.'

Kate did not answer, save by a bright look and a hopeful smile.

Harold Grenfell was "trying" even to her. Dearly as she loved him, she could not but feel mortified at times with his irritable, exacting temper, his fretting at trifles and his disposition to criticise even her slightest words or actions.

But what girl in love ever failed to find excuses for her cavalier's shortcomings, and Kate was no exception to the general rule.

'When we are married I can easily cure him of all these peculiarities,' was her hopeful thought.

And really Miss Thore had some excuse for believing so fondly in her own powers of transmutation.

So far as alchemist might well believe in the soverign powers of her crucible, for Kate was very pretty, with bright, auburn hair, hazel eyes, and a fresh complexion like an early peach. And the only thing that made Kate unhappy was the determined rejection of honest Lionel Wilson.

'I wish he would not take it to heart so,' thought Kate, almost remorsefully. 'I do like him ever so much; I might even have loved him if Harold Grenfell had not come just at the time he did, and he might at least let me keep him as a friend!'

And Aunt Penelope added to the uncomfortableness of matters by shaking her wise old head, and only wishing that Kate had the good sense to choose Lionel instead of the other fellow.

'He is not so handsome,' added she, 'but as all know that beauty is only skin deep, and I do believe if ever man made a good husband Lionel will!'

'You had better marry him yourself, aunt!' said Kate, mischievously.

'Marry my grandson!' quoth she. 'I have lived fifty odd years without a husband and I guess I can hold out a few more. But I can't help feeling sorry for Lionel.'

'Well, aunt Penelope, you know I like him—so very much.'

'Ah! but that is exactly what we don't want,' said she.

And Kate to avoid the coming discussion stole up to her own room where the wedding wreath and veil were already eliciting the admiring comments of the two dimpled fair bridesmaids, Kate's younger sisters.

Harold Grenfell was not in the happiest of humors that night when he came as usual to spend the evening with his bride elect. He criticised Kate's dress—her hair—the very twinkling ornaments she wore in her ears.

'And, of course, you are the best judge of your own affairs, Katharine,' he added. Kate especially disliked the stately full name to which she was by baptism entitled—'but I can't think it exactly the proper thing for you to be walking out with Lionel Wilson the very week before your wedding.'

'Dear me, Harold!' cried Kate. 'I had to go out to get two more yards of white quilled ribbon for my sleeves, and as Lionel chanced to be walking in the same direction, I couldn't very well get on the other side of the street.'

'Oh, of course—of course!' said Harold, with provoking sarcasm in his tone, 'my wishes are of no consequence. I always knew that!'

'Harold, how can you be so unreasonable? What would you have me do?'

'A bride elect has no business with the attentions of any man save he who is to be her husband!'

'Dear Harold, you would transform the future husband into a tyrannical jailer! Would you wish to show that you have neither confidence nor trust in the woman you have chosen for your wife?'

'I am much obliged to you,' said Harold, bitterly, while a disagreeable curve came to his lips. 'Perhaps plain speaking is best under all the circumstances, but it is not agreeable to hear I am considered a tyrannical jailer.'

'Harold, you know perfectly well I never meant any such thing.'

'I comprehend your insinuations too readily it seems.'

'Now, Harold,' coaxed Kate, coming close to him and putting her little plump hand on his shoulder, 'be good humored once again and put away these disagreeable suspicions for—'

'Thanks once more. Perhaps I had better take my leave, since, in addition to tyranny I have become disagreeable.'

He rose, and Kate, for once fairly driven beyond the bounds of patience, did not oppose his departure. She felt hurt, sore, indescribably mortified that this, her chevalier of romance—her 'man among men,' should thus fall pitiably short of the high standard by which she had in her heart measured him. And for the first time since their engagement the dim interrogatory presented itself to her, in tangible shape, was Aunt Penelope right, after all, in her estimate of Harold Grenfell's character? Had she been making a mistake all along?

So she let him depart without a word to restrain him.

Mr. Grenfell's own meditations, as he walked homeward, were not of the most exhilirating description. He liked to torment Kate, it was a sort of earnest of the power he held over her, in his opinion, but then he wanted to see the arrow rankle. Anything like calm indifference on her part defeated all his intentions. And yet, impossible as it may seem to those of a pleasanter and more serene temperament, Harold Grenfell loved Kate Thorne deeply and truly.

'But I'll find means to bring down her pride and teach her a lesson yet,' he thought vindictively. 'She shall not defy me in that cool, offhand sort of manner without repenting it.'

And when, three days afterwards, he called to take Kate out for a ride he was greatly incensed at seeing Lionel Wilson in the drawing room, helping Dora, his youngest sister-in-law that was to be, wind worsted, while Kate sat by, evidently enjoying their conversation

He froze into haughty rigidity at once, but Kate, provokingly good humored, took no notice of it.

Well, the day of the wedding came, and Kate Throne looked bewitchingly pretty in her white dress, with just enough color to make her cheeks look like roses. It was to be a home-wedding, and the guests already thronged the parlors of Aunt Penelope's spacious old-fashioned house.

'Kate! Kate! It's five minutes to twelve!' whispered Aunt Pen, putting her head into the boudoir, where bride and bridesmaids awaited the stroke of the eventful hour. 'Hasn't he come yet?'

By way of answer to the question, a servant entered with a note.

'For Miss Kate,' she said.

And Kate tore it open with flushed cheeks, as she recognized the handwriting of Harold Grenfell.

'My dear Kate,' it read briefly, 'since you have studied my wishes so little during the past week, you can hardly expect me to make a special point of your convenience. I have business that renders it desirable for me to leave town this morning to be absent two or three days. I am sorry to defeat your arrangements, but perhaps the salutary lesson may not be thrown away, and I have long thought that you needed time for a little more reflection before entering upon the solemn tie of marriage.

Yours, very truly,
H. GRENFELL,'

Lionel Wilson, leaning against the carved marble standards of the chimney piece, watched the varying color of Kate's cheek as she perused the billet.

'What is it Kate?' he asked earnestly.

She handed him the note with a little smile.

'Your services will scarcely be required as groomsman to-day,' she said.

He read it, the scarlet dye of anger mounting to his cheek.

'Kate,' he said, 'you will not marry this man now.'

'Never!' she uttered in a convulsive tone.

'Dear Kate, the guests have all arrived, the minister is here, I have the ring in my pocket. Be married to-day, Kate, and let me be the bridegroom. I have loved you longer and more tenderly by half a score of years than this supercilious fop. Show him, Kate, that his envenomed arrow falls short of the mark.'

She looked with eyes half glad, half sorrowful into his face.

'I can trust you, Lionel,' she murmured.

'Then you will become my wife?'

'Yes.'

'At once?'

'Yes, at once.'

So Kate Thorne and Lionel Wilson were married, and the assembled witnesses laughingly congratulated Kate upon the secret of her real intentions.

Aunt Penelope was radiant.

Two days after Mr. Grenfell called at the Thorne mansion.

'I've just returned to town,' he said, in a bustling, arrogant sort of a way, 'and of course I came here at once. Where is Kate?'

'The bride and groom haven't returned to town yet,' said Aunt Penelope, calmly adjusting her spectacles.

'What bride?' ejaculated Harold. 'What groom?'

'Why, Lionel and Kate, of course. They were married the day before yesterday.'

'Married!' echoed Harold, in utter horror and dismay.

'Exactly so,' said Aunt Penelope, secretly exulting at his discomfiture. 'There were no cards, the affair being rather sudden, but you'll get a piece of wedding cake tied with white ribbon in due season, I don't doubt.'

And she complacently shut the door contemptuously in his face, leaving him to the reluctant conviction that he had lost his treasure, and all through his own blind self-conceit and arrogance.

The lesson Mr. Harold Grenfelt intended to give had recoiled upon himself, and Kate Wilson is the brightest and happiest of young wives.

No Use for Guards.

In the spring of 1865, when Sheridan's cavalry moved up the Shenandoah Valley to have a last wrestle with Early's troops, a halt was made by a portion of the Union force near Waynesboro. Guards were thrown out to protect the property, and among others the house of a lone and aged widow received such protection. Two dismounted cavalrymen were stationed at the front door, and it was half an hour before any stir in or about the house gave token that it was inhabited. Then the widow limped to the door on a crutch and called one of the guards to her and asked:

"What are you doing here?"

"We are guards to protect you and your property," was the reply.

"Well, you needn't fool away any time here. Early he came and he took our hay. Then Sheridan come and he took our corn. Then Mosby he stole our ham and 'taters. Then Sheridan took our flour and cider. Then Early run off all our horses. All I had left this morning was an old sick mule and meal enough for one hoecake. The mule he died two hours ago, and if you can find anything worth guarding around here you can have it and tote it off."

"But some of the soldiers may disturb you."

"I guess not," she said, as she pointed to a spot where a cannon ball had torn through the house. "The day that hole was shot through there I was rocking and singing the 'Pilgrim's Hope,' and I didn't miss a rock nor drop a note. I don't think one brigade of hoss sojers can disturb me very much. You'll obleege me by joggin' along."

Pulling Up a Corpse.

While fishing in Jamaica Bay, L. I., near Rockaway Inlet, Sunday, Louis Mallette, treasurer of the Novelty Theatre, Williamsburg, fell overboard and was drowned. There were a party of ten men, and they chartered a sloop yacht at Charsie early in the morning and started up the bay to troll for bluefish. The fish were bitting freely, and in less than an hour the party, with five lines, had caught twenty. At 11 o'clock Mallette, who had a bite, began to haul in his line. It was discovered that he had a large bluefish on his hook. As he leaned over the stern of the boat to lift the fish up, he lost his balance and fell into the water. The yacht was then near Rockaway Inlet, and sailing at the rate of eight miles an hour. She was immediately put about, and Mallette, who could swim a little, struggled to keep afloat, while his friends shouted words of encouragement. But before they could reach him he sank. He did not rise again although the yacht cruised about the spot for some time in hopes of picking him up.

Twenty minutes later, as the men were sorrowfully hauling in their lines, one of them exclaimed:

"My God! I believe he is on my line."

The others discovered that some heavy weight was attached to their lines, too. It proved to be the body of Louis Mallette. The lines, which were badly tangled by the boat going about, were firmly grasped by the drowned man's hands.

Henry Shaeffer, a farmer of North Lebanon township, Lebanon county, while seated in a chair suddenly fell over dead, having been stricken with apoplexy.

T. W. Titus, a Mercer county farmer, clipped 281 pounds of choice wool from thirty-four head of sheep.

A Trifling Inconvenience.

"My dear," said Mr. Spoopendyke, feeling up the chimney "have you seen my gold collar button?"

"I saw it the day you bought it," answered she, "and I thought it very pretty. Why do you ask?"

"'Cause I've lost the measly thing," responded he, running the broom handle up into the cornice, and shaking as if it were a carpet.

"You don't suppose it is up there, do you? Where did you leave it?" asked his wife.

"Left it in my shirt. Where do you suppose I'd leave it, in the hash?" and he turned over all the things in his wife's writing desk, and looked out of the window after it.

"Where did you leave your shirt?" asked Mrs. Spoopendyke.

"Where did I leave my shirt? Where do you suppose I left it? Where does a man generally leave his shirt, Mrs. Spoopendyke? Do you think I left it in the ferry-boat? Got an idea I left it at a prayer-meeting, havn't you? Well, I didn't. I left it off, Mrs. Spoopendyke; that's where I left it. I left it off. Hear me?" And Mr. Spoopendyke pulled the winter clothing out of a cedar chest that hadn't been unlocked for a month.

"Where is the shirt now?" persisted Mrs. Spoopendyke.

"Where do you suppose it is? Where do you imagine it is? I'll tell you where it is, Mrs. Spoopendyke, it's gone to Bridgeport as a witness in a land suit. Idea! Ask a man where his shirt is! You know I haven't been out of the room since I came home last night and took it off," and Mr. Spoopendyke sailed down stairs and raked the fire out of the kitchen range, but didn't find the button.

"Maybe you lost it on the way home," suggested Mrs. Spoopendyke as her husband came up, hot and angry, and began to pull a stuffed canary to pieces to see if the button had got inside.

"O, yes! Very likely I stood up against a tree and lost it. Then I hid behind a fence so I wouldn't see it. That's the way it was. If I only had your head, Mrs. Spoopendyke, I'd turn loose a razor strop. I don't know anything sharper than you are," and Mr. Spoopendyke got up on a chair and clutched a handful of dust on top of the wardrobe.

"It must have fallen out," mused Mrs. Spoopendyke.

"O, it must, eh! It must have fallen out! Well, I declare, I never thought of that. My impression was that it took a buggy and drove out, or a balloon and hoisted out," and Mr. Spoopendyke crawled behind the bureau and commenced tearing up the carpet.

"And if it fiel out it must be somewhere near where he left his shirt. Now he always throws his shirt on the lounge and the button must be under that."

A moment's search established the infalibility of Mrs. Spoopendyke's logic.

"Oh, yes! Found it, didn't you?" panted Mr. Spoopendyke, as he bumped his head against the bureau and finally climbed to a perpendicular. "Perhaps you'll fix my shirts so that it won't fall out any more, and maybe you'll have sense enough to mend that lounge, now it has made so much trouble. If you only tended to the house as I do to my business, there'd never be any difficulty about losing a collar button."

"It wasn't my fault—" began Mrs. Spoopendyke.

"Wasn't, eh! Have you found that coalbill you've been looking for since March?"

"Yes."

"Have, eh! Now where did you put it! Where did you put it?"

"In your overcoat pocket."

$1.30 a Bottle, or $12 a Dozen.

An old lady of Louisville kept it up in this style for half an hour at the druggists, and with the following result:

"How much is this bottle?"

"One dollar and thirty cents, ma'am, if you take but one, or twelve dollars a dozen."

"How did you say I must keep it?"

"You must keep it on its side, ma'am, until you want to use it."

"Yes. Well, my daughter told me to get that particular preparation. It's the right kind, isn't it?"

"Oh, yes. We only keep that particular brand."

"How much did you say it was?"

"One dollar and thirty cents a single bottle, but if you take a dozen it—"

"I thought you said it was only $1 a bottle."

"If you take a doz—"

"Did you say it must be kept on the side until used?"

"Yes, ma'am; and if you uncork it it must be all used at once."

"You're sure it's the right brand."

"Oh, yes; we keep no—"

"A dollar a bottle?"

"If you take a dozen; but $1.30 a single."

"But I don't want a dozen."

"Then a single bottle will be $1.30?"

"And it must be kept on its side until used?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Well, I've a great mind to take a bottle. I think it's what my daughter wanted me to get. Do you sell less than a bottle?"

"No, ma'am."

"And a whole single bottle is $1,30?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Well, I think I'll go home and talk to my daughter about it. How much did you say it was?"—*N. Y. Graphic.*

Local Small Talk.

—Garden truck is beginning to look healthy.

—The atmosphere is growing somewhat muggy again.

—Prof. Hamilton, of the State College, has resigned the chair of Professor of Agriculture.

—The month of May just past is said to have been the dryest month in a period of thirty years.

—The Republicans think they will have no trouble in standing erect on the platform adopted at Chicago.

—The bang of the firecracker is already heard in the streets, with the Fourth three weeks off and more.

—Millheimers call it the "City Council" already. The "Penns Valley Metropolis" is getting very "airy."

—Lock Haven feels pretty sure of the pulp works now, and is happy. Wish Bellefonte's chances were as good.

—About the only way to save your cabbages from grubs and other "cattle" is not to plant any. It is said to never fail.

—General James A. Beaver, according to the Curwensville *Times*, will shortly organize a G. A. R. Post at that place.

—The new president of the State College, Joseph Shortlidge, A. M., is a cousin of Dr. Pugh, the first president of the college.

—Altoona has raised $2,000 by subscription to help defray the expenses of her proposed Fourth of July celebration.

—Wilkesbarre contributed over $2,000 to Milton, which shows she is willing to help a town in distress if she has a mean sounding name.

—Mrs. Theodore Gregg, of Milesburg, has received over $4,000 back pension, the largest amount ever received through the Pittsburgh agency.

—Mr. A. G. Morris, proprietor of the Bellefonte lime kilns, is shipping large quantities of limestone to the Pennsylvania salt works at Natrona, Pa.

—An Altoona man, so we are told, is the owner of a hat rack, built to order, that cost five hundred dollars. It must be a very hat-rack-tive ornament.

—Carpenters and painters in this vicinity have about all the work they can attend to at present, which is a favorable symptom of prosperous times.

—A young lady being asked her opinion of moustaches replied that "she always set her face against them." This was no doubt her candid opinion.

—A double-headed calf was born in Tioga a few days since. It had a double set of eves and ears and two mouths. This is, indeed, a great country.

—Strawberries are becoming more plenty and larger. When they come down to four boxes for ten cents we are going to strike out for a strawberry shortcake.

—The Eagleville freight agency on the B. E. V. Railroad, has been reopened, and John T. Fowler stationed there as passenger and second-class freight agent.

—Another fall in iron is predicted by the iron men of Pittsburgh, and it would be well for the citizens of the Smoky City to stand from under or they may get hurt.

—We heard a man remark yesterday that he wondered how the census takers managed to hunt up everybody so quick. It's easily explained, stranger. He census. See?

—A Pittsburgh man took Greeley's advice and started west, the other day, but was not allowed to proceed far. He was a book-keeper and took the firm's funds along with him.

—It is reported that ex-Constable Charley Garner said "Pshaw" when told of Garfield's nomination. If Garfield hears of this Charley will never strike a job at the White House.

—Bedford county is to have a new Democratic paper, to be called the *Leader*. It will make its bow about July 4th, and we presume will be chuck full of thunder and fireworks.

—The third-termers hereabouts yield very graciously to the decree of Chicago and pronounce it "all right." That would seem to be about the only thing to do under the circumstances.

—It is said that huckleberries and blackberries will be scarce this year, owing to the destructive fires in large areas where such bushes grew. It ought to make snakes scarce, too, for the same reason.

—Some mean man, who saw census enumerator Hoover sliding down a back alley with a ponderous book under his arm, came up town and reported that he had discovered who the *Owl* correspondent was.

—A man, calling himself an agent for a certain kind of guano, is traveling through Franklin county and swindling farmers who have any dealings with him. He is a scoundrel and a fraud, and our farmer friends are cautioned to be on the lookout for him.

—A young lady named Mary Long, residing near Huntingdon, committed suicide a few days ago by taking poison. The engagement of her former suitor to another lady was the cause of the self-murder. Apother warning to young men to take no such step without first counting the cost.

—According to the Elk county *Gazette* the whereabouts of English, the murderer, is unknown. It says on Saturday a despatch was received in Ridgeway, from Wisconsin, stating that Harry English was in that section, and asking whether he was wanted. Wenzel answered the dispatch, "Arrest him."

—A man by the name of Jeremiah Brobst, formerly a resident of Catawissa, but now an unscrupulous tramp, is roaming about the country and making a living by imposing upon Free Masons and Odd Fellows. He is a smooth talker, and succeeded in fleecing several Odd Fellows in Millheim. The *Journal* says he is a first-class rascal, and calls upon the press to give him a "free puff."

—The Altoona *Tribune* is the authority for the following: "General James A. Beaver, of Bellefonte, could have had the Vice Presidency if he had wanted it. It was offered him, but he declined the honor, preferring to be the next Governor of the State." The General is in every way qualified to fill the high position, and had he been nominated would have made a very able presiding officer of the Senate.

—A false alarm of fire was raised Thursday afternoon, caused by the burning of a pile of rubbish at the rear of Loeb's store. It was a good day for running, we judge, as everybody who happened to be on the streets took to their heels and run in the direction of the smoke. John Anderson, the saloonist, thought it was his house, and skipped up High street at a lively tilt, being the first man on the ground.

—The Raftman's *Journal* says: Thirty-two citizens of Cambria, Blair, Clearfield and Centre counties, owners of tracts of land at the junction of those near the waters of Moshannon creek, have bound themselves together to prevent persons from trespassing on their grounds for the purpose of hunting or shooting game, running game with dogs, or fishing in any of the streams which flow through their properties.

—A colored boy named Charles Smith, 10 years of age, paid his respects to his grandmother, Mrs. Barbara Smith, who resides on Bishop street, Wednesday afternoon, and was so favorably impressed with his reception that at the first opportunity he relieved the old lady of $4.50, and made an unceremonious exit. Complaint was made against him shortly afterwards, when the theft was discovered, and he was captured and locked up for a hearing.

—John Dugan, of Osceola Mills, the boy who was arrested a few days ago for shooting into a train of cars at Philipsburg with a pistol, whereby a passenger narrowly escaped being wounded, was brought to this place Thursday and lodged in jail by Constable Gorton, of the latter place. The boy says the shooting was purely accidental—that he had no intention of discharging it until the train had passed. Several unsuccessful attempts were made to obtain bail.

—Wednesday forenoon a colored urchin climbed up on the crane at the rear of the depot to take an observation, and another one caught hold of the chain that runs over the pully and swung around with his heels in the air. Finally the latter dropped off and the chain slipped back over the pully, striking boy No. 1 in the small of the back with the force of a ten pound slung-shot, which caused him to crawl down from his perch with great haste. Then his mouth flew open from ear to ear, and knowing what was coming we turned away.

The Editorial Excursion.

The date of the annual excursion of the Pennsylvania Editorial Association has been fixed for the week beginning Monday, the 28th inst. The members of the association are requested to meet at Williamsport on the evening of that day, from which place the excursion will proceed to Watkins' Glen on the morning of the 29th. On Wednesday there will be an excursion to Penn Yan, Kenka Lake and Hammondsport, and on Thursday an excursion on Seneca Lake. The annual association dinner will take place on the evening of the same day, and on Friday the association will start homeward. This should, and no doubt will, make a very enjoyable trip, as the excursion is laid through a delightful section of country, rich in natural scenery.

New Advertisements.

MALT
UNFERMENTED
MALT BITTERS
TRADE MARK
Malt Bitters Company
MALT AND HOPS
BITTERS

THIS INCOMPARABLE MEDICINE IS richer in bone and muscle producing materials than all other forms of malt or medicine, while free from the objections urged against malt liquors. For difficult digestion, sick headache, consumption, emaciation, mental and physical exhaustion, nervousness, want of sleep, ulcerative weaknesses of females, exhaustion of nursing mothers, of the aged, and of delicate children, Malt Bitters are the purest, best, and most economical medicine ever compounded. Sold everywhere. MALT BITTERS CO., Boston, Mass. 23-4w

NEW ENTERPRISE.

ALEXANDER & CO.,
Agricultural Implement
AND
SEED STORE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

They mean by this all the name imports, that is, to deal in and to furnish to farmers at the lowest possible price everything in the shape of an agricultural implement that farmers use, including *SEEDS* of all kinds.

At present we have on hand and are the authorized agents for the sale of the *OLIVER CHILLED PLOW*, made at South Bend, Ind. It is the best chilled plow now made; also the Keystone and iron beam plows, made at Centre Hall. No better plows than these can be had for the same amount of money. Also the Centre Hall Cornplanter. We need say nothing about the merits of this planter, as the 2000 now in use in Centre county demonstrates them to be the best.

HARROWS and CULTIVATORS of the latest improved patterns.

MOWERS, REAPERS and GRAIN BINDERS.—Of these we sell the Osborne, either as separate mowers, combined reapers and mowers, single harvesters, or as combined reapers and binders.

THE WHEELER, No. 6, as a combined machine, is the best machine of the kind in the market.

The greatest improvement of the age is the *NORRISTOWN GLEANER AND BINDER*. Call and see it. It is wonderfully perfect.

Any boy twelve years old, with one horse, will follow and bind all the grain that any reaper with side delivery will cut. It not only binds but gleans, and will save the price of the machine in one year by taking up from the stubble that which is now lost.

The McSHERRY GRAIN DRILL, either with or without broadcast hoes, with or without fertilizer and seed sowing attachments. It is the best grain drill for all purposes in the market.

The GEISER THRESHER AND SEPARATOR.—The reputation of this machine is so well established that we can say nothing about it that the people do not know. Any person wanting one, or in need of repairs for those now in the county, please call.

HEEBNER'S PATENT LEVEL TREAD HORSE POWER, for one and two horses, with Patent Speed Regulator. Little Giant Thresher and Cleaner.

Wagons, Carriages, Buggies and Phaetons.—We are agents for the sale of the celebrated *CONKLIN WAGON*, the reputation of which is so well established; also of the *CORTLAND PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS*, Carriages, Phaetons and Buggies. All are warranted. Call and see specimens and examine catalogues as to styles and prices before buying elsewhere. Catalogues furnished on application.

PLASTER and FERTILIZERS.—Cayuga Plaster, finely ground, as good as the best Nova Scotia, at the low price of $7.00 per ton. Peruvian Guano sold on orders only. Phosphates always on hand. Special manures for different crops sold upon orders at manufacturers' prices.

POWDER.—We are Dupont's agents. Blasting, Sporting and Rifle Powder on hand and sold at wholesale prices; also fuse.

GRAIN.—After the growing crop is harvested we will be prepared to pay the highest market price for all kinds of grain.

COAL.—Our yard is always stocked with the best Anthracite Coal which we sell at lowest price.

LIME.—We make the best white lime in the State. Its properties for mechanical and agricultural purposes excel all others.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.—We are their agents for Centre county and will supply all parties wishing good and true scales at their lowest prices.

We extend an invitation to everybody in want of anything in our line to call at our store rooms, opposite the Bush House, and see what we have, and learn from those in attendance more particularly the scope of our business. ALEXANDER & CO.

Bellefonte, Pa., May 6, 1880. 12-10-tf

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, Pennsylvania, will be sold at public sale, on the premises, in Harris township, on

SATURDAY, 19th DAY OF JUNE, 1880,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, late of John C. Bricker, deceased, to-wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situated in the township of Harris, in the county of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on the northeast corner of the lot owned by Mrs. Joseph Meyers, thence along said land and land of Elizabeth Boal west 50 rods to a stone, thence along lands belonging to Stover's heirs north 22½ degrees, west 66 rods to elm tree, thence along land belonging to Stover's heirs north 87½ degrees, east 64 rods to a stone, thence along Boalsburg and Bellefonte turnpike south 8 degrees, east 60 rods to place of beginning, containing 20 acres and 99 perches net measure, the greater part being heavily timbered with good white oak timber and all being land of excellent quality.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, balance in one year, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, with interest.

19-ts JOHN MUSSER, Jr., Executor.

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of MICHAEL SCHENCK, Sr., late of Liberty township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Centre county, they request all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the deceased to make immediate payment, and those having claims against him to present the same properly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID B. SCHENCK,
P. O. address, Howard, Pa.,
ALBERT SCHENCK,
P. O. address, Howard, Pa.,
Administrators.

29-6t

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION HAVING been granted the undersigned on the estate of JOHN MUSSER, Sr., deceased, late of Spring township, Centre county, Pa., all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

JOHN J. MUSSER,
M. M. MUSSER,
Administrators.

21-6t
Bellefonte, May 25, 1880.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table April 29 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 55
Flemington	5 29	4 00
Mill Hall	5 34	4 03
Beech Creek	5 50	4 15
Eagleville	5 55	4 20
Howard	6 09	4 31
Mount Eagle	6 18	4 40
Curtin	6 25	4 45
Milesburg	6 36	4 55
Bellefonte	6 46	5 05
Milesburg	6 56	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 18
Unionville	7 09	5 27
Julian	7 18	5 38
Martha	7 27	5 47
Port Matilda	7 35	5 55
Hannah	7 42	6 03
Fowler	7 48	6 09
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 17
Vail	7 59	6 21
East Tyrone	8 03	6 25
Arrive at Tyrone	8 10	6 32
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 20
East Tyrone	7 15	8 27
Vail	7 19	8 31
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 37
Hannah	7 36	8 49
Port Matilda	7 44	3 56
Martha	7 52	9 7
Julian	8 01	9 16
Unionville	8 11	9 28
Snow Shoe Int	8 21	9 40
Milesburg	8 24	9 43
Bellefonte	8 32	9 51
Milesburg	8 45	10 3
Curtin	8 55	10 14
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 19
Howard	9 08	10 29
Eagleville	9 18	10 42
Beech Creek	9 22	10 47
Mill Hall	9 34	11 00
Flemington	9 37	11 4
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 8

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after May 30, 1880:

WESTWARD.	
ERIE MAIL, leaves Philadelphia	11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg	4 25 a m
" " Williamsport	8 35 a m
" " Jersey Shore	9 07 a m
" " Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" " Renovo	11 00 a m
" arr at Erie	7 55 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia	9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg	12 20 a m
" arr. at Williamsport	3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven	4 20 p m
" " Renovo	5 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at	5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	11 50 a m
" " Harrisburg	3 35 p m
" " Williamsport	7 25 p m
" arr at Lock Haven	8 40 p m
EASTWARD.	
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven	6 45 a m
" " Jersey Shore	7 15 a m
" " Williamsport	7 55 a m
arr at Harrisburg	11 40 a m
" Philadelphia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo	9 50 a m
" " Lock Haven	11 10 a m
" " Williamsport	12 20 p m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia	6 45 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo	8 40 p m
" " Lock Haven	9 50 p m
" " Williamsport	11 10 p m
" arr at Harrisburg	2 45 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 40 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport	12 35 a m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 50 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 40 a m

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. W. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R.R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 1, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.20 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.25 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.00 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 3.45 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.15 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.57 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

"Throw Physic to the Dogs."

DR. HALL'S
ELECTRIC BELTS.

For the cure of all nervous diseases without the least derangement of the patient's habits or daily occupation. This appliance exerts powerful and beneficial influence throughout the whole frame: **is applicable to either sex,** and affords *instantaneous* relief in the following diseases:

Rheumatism,
Neuralgia,
Dyspepsia,
Lumbago,
General Debility,
Headaches,
Dizziness,
Impotency,
Spermatorrhœa,
Sexual Exhaustion,
Self Abuse,
Premature Decay, &c.

These belts are the result of the profound research and experiment in Electro-Therapeutics, and by their peculiar construction, a *continuous* "galvanic current" is generated, which permeates the whole frame, and especially envelops the suffering parts with its gentle influence. This current assimilates closer to the *nervous fluid* than anything known to medical science—hence its potency as a curative agent.

Most especially is the application of electricity in this form beneficial to those disorders arising from youthful indiscretion, sexual excess, or dissipations of any kind, whereby the procreative powers are lessened and *Impotency* threatened. No false delicacy or sense of shame should prevent the sufferer, subject to restless nights, nightmare, dreams, palpitation of the heart, neuralgia, dimness of sight and other symptoms of nervous and physical debility, applying to the undersigned for relief.

These belts are light, perfectly flexible, and easily adjusted, all of which, together with their cheapness, renders them superior to any other form, for the application of electricity, medicinally.

☞ 50,147 of these belts were sold in Europe in the year 1876.

"Electricity is Life,"

And no remedy can be compared to it for the treatment of IMPOTENCE and loss of nervous vitality.

This belt is recommended by the most eminent physiologists of this country and Europe.

"Ingenious, wonderful—a death blow to the old system of drugging."—*London* (Eng.) *Lancet.*

"You have perfected a great blessing on suffering humanity."—*Dr. Richardson*, London, England.

"Wonderful for the restoration of exhausted vitality."—*Dr. Ferrier*, London, England.

"I cheerfully recommend Dr. Hall's Electric Belt, and consider it one of the greatest blessings to mankind that has been put before the public."—*Dr d'Barr*, Paris, France.

Price of Electric Belt, . $ 6 00
do. do. (extra power) 10 00

Full instructions with each belt, when you order.

When ordering, state exact measurement round the waist.

Send money by postoffice money order, express or registered letter.

☞ *ADVICE GRATIS.* ☜

Address all orders to

DR. JAMES HALL & CO.,
(General Agents for the United States,)
329 West Fifteenth street, New York.

*** *State in what paper you saw this adv.* 4m1

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'7t-tf

A. O. FURST,
Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE,
Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD,
Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.

ALEXANDER & BOWERS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

J. H. VOSBURG,
Attorney-At-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office with Clement Dale, High street. 12-12-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. KEONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-16 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,

DENTIST.

A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.

Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

Has been in constant use by the public for over twenty years, and is the best preparation ever invented for RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS YOUTHFUL COLOR AND LIFE.

It supplies the natural food and color to the hair glands without staining the skin. It will increase and thicken the growth of the hair, prevent its blanching and falling off, and thus AVERT BALDNESS.

It cures Itching, Eruptions and Dandruff. As a HAIR DRESSING it is very desirable, giving the hair a silken softness which all admire. It keeps the head clean, sweet and healthy.

The State Assayer and Chemist of Mass. and leading Physicians endorse and recommend it as a great triumph in medicine.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR THE WHISKERS

will change the beard to a BROWN or BLACK at discretion. Being in one preparation it is easily applied, and produces a permanent color that will not wash off.

PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

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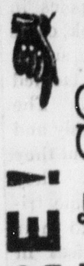
PLAIN, FANCY SEWING
—AND—
LACE WORK.

MRS. JANE HALEY, opposite the Cemetery, takes this method to solicit from the people of Bellefonte work.
Can do

PLAIN & FANCY SEWING
OR LACE WORK,

Any person having such work to do can have it done well by Mrs. Haley, and at the same time help a worthy, poor woman. 5-tf

Hardware, &c.



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RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC..
As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

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ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

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DAY'S Kidney PAD

CURES Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, Gravel, Painful Urinating, High Colored Urine, Inability to Retain or Expel the Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Nervous Debility, Female Weakness, and all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER, and URINARY ORGANS, when nothing else can.

LOOK OUT for imitations. Ask for, and take only the DAY PAD. For sale by Druggists, or sent by mail free on receipt of price, $2.00. Certificates of cures and our book "How a Life was Saved," sent on receipt of your address to

12-5 1y. F. POTTS GREEN, Wholesale Agt. for Centre Co.

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M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High street Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

Miscellaneous.

$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. 11-24-1y

MINING STOCK FOR SALE.

The Carbonate Gold and Silver Mining Company, of Leadville, Col., own more valuable Gold and Silver Mines than any other Company in the State. The stock is ten dollars per share, full paid up, and non-assessable. They now offer a limited number of shares for sale through the undersigned, at $2.00 per share. References and information cheerfully given. Direct all orders and communications to M. BOYD, 144 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. P. O. Box 1064 12-12-1y

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PRACTICAL HOUSE PAINTERS.

GRAINING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

PAPER-HANGING,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

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McCLAIN'S BLOCK, op. BUSH HOUSE

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Foundry and Machinists.

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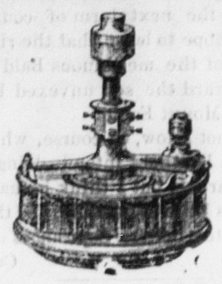

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PATENT WATER WHEEL,

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AND

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DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic. TRY IT

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders. The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator promotes the system from Miasmatic influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System. The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.

Hotels

CENTRE COUNTY FARMERS HOME.
THE
BUSH HOUSE.
Prices to Suit the Times.

Improved Stabling and Careful Hostlers. Low Special Rates for Jurymen and Witnesses. Cleanliness, Comfort and Table unexcelled.

NO DISCRIMINATION

against the Producers, than whom none are more worthy, or more entitled to attention. The Bush House having over three times the capacity of other hotels, there is no occasion or disposition to place the guests in attic rooms. This accounts for its growing Local Trade. We do not trust your horses to the care and profit of parties disconnected with the hotel.

D. P. PETERS, Proprietor.

12-4 tf.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch

PHILAD'A.

Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.

18-1y JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
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The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best he market affords 251y

J. H. MORRISON,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.

Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v9n14

AGENT WANTED. WE WANT A CAPABLE, HONEST MAN to act as our Agent for the sale of Nursery Stock in this county. A knowledge of the business is easily acquired. PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT and good pay and expenses to the right man who can give his undivided attention to the work. Give age, previous and present occupation, and references. Address R. C. CHASE & CO., 10 N'th Merrick st., Phila. 21-4t

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KIDNEY-WORT
THE ONLY MEDICINE
That Acts at the Same Time on
THE LIVER, THE BOWELS, and the KIDNEYS.

These great organs are the natural cleansers of the system. If they work well, health will be perfect; if they become clogged, dreadful diseases are sure to follow with

TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

Biliousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation and Piles, or Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, Sediment in the Urine, Milky or Ropy Urine; or Rheumatic Pains and Aches,

are developed because the blood is poisoned with the humors that should have been expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT

will restore the healthy action and all these destroying evils will be banished; neglect them and you will live but to suffer.

Thousands have been cured. Try it and you will add one more to the number. Take it and health will once more gladden your heart.

Why suffer longer from the torment of an aching back?
Why bear such distress from Constipation and Piles?
Why be so fearful because of disordered urine?

KIDNEY-WORT will cure you. Try a package at once and be satisfied.

It is a dry vegetable compound and
One Package makes six quarts of Medicine.
Your Druggist has it, or will get it for you. Insist upon having it. Price, $1.00.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

Is the greatest Blood Remedy of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all Blood diseases yield to its wonderful powers. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of Scrofula."—*J. E. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E. Smeltzer, Lorimer, Pa.* Price $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Props'r, Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*

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$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 1-24-1y

Everybody Make Money!

Watches, Novelties, Jewelry, Oddities, Notions, &c.

Now is the time to push your business or start anew. Our goods are of the very latest styles, purchased mostly at Auction or private Bankrupt Sales, except those we manufacture, warranted as represented. Send for catalogue, prices named, and order your goods. Address, New York Auction Co., 21 Park Row, New York 12-9-6m

Tinware.

What's in a Name?

E. A. SMITH,
TINSMITH.

-ALL MY TINWARE WARRANTED.-

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE

SMITH TINWARE.

ALL MY WARE IS STAMPED WITH MY NAME, TO PREVENT DECEPTION.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

MADE A SPECIALTY BY ME.

My Work Is All Warranted!

LIGHTNING RODS

Erected and Repaired.

Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces. Also set, clean and repair stoves, &c.

COME AND SEE.

Under Wilson, McFarlane & Co.'s Hardware Depot, First National Bank Block. 13-13-1y

$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR, or $5 to $10 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address, GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 24-1y

14 Stop Organs Stool, Book and Music, boxed and shipped, only $85. New Pianos $105 to $1,000. Midsummer offer illustrated free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. 20-6t

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
f not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this t'p'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Republican County Executive Committee for 1880.

District.	Names.	P. O. Address
Bellefonte, N. W.	David M. Glenn	Bellefonte
do. S.	W. H. H. Benner	Bellefonte
do W.	W. Wm. Shortlidge	Bellefonte
Howard boro	Joseph Royer	Howard
Milesburg boro	Lyman T Eddy	Milesburg
Millheim do.	A O Deininger	Millheim
Philipsbu'g do	Capt Harry Simler	Phil'burg
Unionville do	Dr E A Russell	Fleming
Benner twp	John P Seibert	Bellefonte
Boggs twp	Capt Austin Curtin	Roland
Burnside twp	Wm Stewart, Jr.	Moshannon
College twp	David Dale	Lemont
Curtin twp	Warren S Lucas	Howard
Ferguson O P	Cyrus Goss	Pine Grove Mills
Ferguson N P	Dan'l M Clemson	Rock Sprg's
Gregg twp	Robt H Duncan	Spring Mills
Huston twp	Ira F Davis	Julian Furnace
Howard twp	D B Pletcher	Howard
Harris twp	Geo B Jack	Boalsburg
Half Moon twp	Larry C Love	Loveville
Haines twp	Dr P T Musser	Aaronsburg
Liberty twp	D B Kanes	Blanchard
Miles twp	Reuben Grimm	Maddisonburg
Marion twp	Capt S H Bennison	Walker
Penn twp	David Kimport	Millheim
Patton twp	Wm I. Furst	Buffalo Run
Potter O P	Jas C Boal	Centre Hall
Potter N P	W J Thompson	Potters Mills
Rush twp	John A Mull	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe twp	C P Stoneroad	Snow Shoe
Spring twp	A J Swartz	Pleasant Gap
Taylor twp	D G Ganoe	Fowler
Union twp	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker twp	Philip Walter	Nittany
Worth twp	Thomas Weston	Port Matilda

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, } Secretaries.
CLAUDE COOK, }

REPUBLICANS OF CENTRE,

RALLY! RALLY!

GRAND MASS MEETING

At the COURT HOUSE in Bellefonte, to ratify the nomination of Hon. JAMES A. GARFIELD, and Hon. CHESTER A. ARTHUR, the candidates of the Republicans for President and Vice President.

Prominent Speakers will be present to address the meeting.

Thursday Eve., June 17th,

at 8 o'clock. Music by the Mountain City Band. Citizens of all parties throughout the county are respectfully invited to be present.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Ch'n.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Malicious Mischief.

MR. EDITOR:—I noticed in last week's REPUBLICAN a rather ferociously-written article, with the above heading, concerning the unsuccessful attempt of some parties to tear out the old canal dam at Mount Eage, and by your leave would like to say a few words. This dam is generally, I may say almost universally, regarded in that community as an unmitigated and intolerable nuisance. It is of no benefit to any one except Mr. John B. Leathers, and to him only to run his sand mill. It has no more connection with the pottery than it has with the Bey of Dahomey or the man in the moon.

It is a positive and serious injury to Mr. Jacob R. Leathers and Mr. Wm. T. Leathers, and it injures them more, everything considered, than it benefits Mr. John B. Leathers.

It is an intolerable nuisance to the community for this reason: The bridge across the dam is very old, unsafe and nearly impassable, and I understand that the Commissioners of Centre county assert emphatically that they will never build a new bridge there, now an almost imperious necessity, as long as the dam remains.

Is it any wonder, then, that an effort was made to tear the dam out? The wonder is that it was not done long ago. It is to be regretted that an effort was made to accomplish a laudable and desirable result in an unlawful manner, subjecting the parties, if discovered, to legal punishment. There is a way to abate nuisances by law. I hope to learn that this dam is duly reported as such to the grand jury at the next term of court, and then I hope to learn that the rippling waters of the mellifluous Bald Eagle flow toward the sea unvexed by the dam at Mount Eagle.

I do not know, of course, what Mr. John B. Leathers intends doing with these parties, but I think he had better do as little as possible, and the less he says the better. *Sapientibus verbum sat.* CIVIS.

Milesburg Matters.

Our very excellent Milesburg correspondent sends us the following interesting items:

Two years ago Daniel B. Malone, a resident of Boggs township and well known in Centre county, purchased the Walker farm, on Marsh creek. One year ago he moved on the place when it was in an almost wild state, and as I had occasion to visit him on Saturday last, I must say that the changes and improvements on the place are truly noticable. Dan says with the assistance of Hannah, his wife, whose qualifications as a farmer's wife cannot be excelled, have with hard toil, produced the following to harvest this season, viz: 12 acres of wheat, 5 acres of rye, 12 acres of corn, 10 acres of oats, 1 acre of potatoes, 10 acres of grass to cut, with other smaller crops, all of which are second to none in the Bald Eagle Valley. He has also accumulated a lot of stock of different kinds, some of which he intends to have on exhibition at our next agricultural fair, and expects to share in the premiums. Dan is now busy building a new barn, 40x50, under the management of Geo. R. Quick, who has gained the reputation of being one of the best barn-builder in Centre county. Dan and his hospitable lady extend an invitation to all their friends who may happen that way to stop and see them.

One mile below lives Jack Yarnell on his own farm of over a hundred acres, where everything has the appearance of very good management. He has the following crops to harvest this season; 12 acres of wheat, 4 of rye, 13 of oats, 7 of corn, 1 of potatoes, and 10 acres of grass to cut. He has 36 head of stock of different kinds, all of which are in excellent condition. Jake just got home from Milesburg where he had been laying in supplies for the coming harvest. He was as jolly as a tinker and was whistling the same tune he usually does when in town awhile, and before I could get away he would tell me the Tom Walker cow story. Jake is Garfield all over, and says that Boggs this fall will report an old-time Republican majority.

On Saturday last during the heavy storm the lightning struck the belfry of the brick school house in Milesburg, and considerably damaged it.

A horse belonging to Jos. Adams, succeeded in pulling out a post to which it was tied, in front of C. K. Essington's dwelling. The horse ran down street at a frightful speed, and in front of E. H Carr's the post was dropped. The horse was soon after stopped.

There have been no fights of late in our town, in consequence of which there is no demand for rotten apples.

Our town is unusually quiet. If a fire should break out no telling what might be the result. The captain, secretaries and all the members of the Hook and Ladder Company are in Bellefonte attending the show.

PHIL.

Port Matilda.

The reason you did not hear from Port Matilda was not because your correspondent was at the Chicago convention. He was only through Clearfield and the crops exceedingly good in that section.

About seventy-five men raised the large barn of Chancey & Thompson's on Saturday.

The *Watchman* says "General Garfield was elected United States Senator to succeed Thurman by the Ohio Legislature last winter, and would have taken his seat at the opening of the forty-seventh Congress in 1880." We will supply what the *Watchman* intended to say by adding if he were not destined to be elected President of the United States in November, 1880.

NIB.

—The chemical laboratories of the Pennsylvania State College have been entirely remodeled during the past year, and will now compare favorably with the best laboratories in the country. Thorough instruction in General Chemistry and in Chemical Analysis, both Humid and Blowpipe. *Tuition Free.* Students are charged simply with apparatus broken and chemicals consumed. Students in Agriculture are offered every facility for conducting special agricultural investigation. Send for catalogue. Address the Business Manager, State College, Centre Co., Pa.

—Ladies will find a cure in DAYS KIDNEY PAD when everything else fails.

A Big Snake.

John and William, sons of Mr. Adam Hess, of Boalsburg, aged 12 and 16 years, while cutting bean poles in the woods one day last week, come suddenly upon a large black snake. The boys secured clubs and tackled his snakeship with vim. The snake stood its ground fearlessly and gave the boys a lively tussle, but they finally succeeded in killing it. They then dragged the reptile home triumphantly and exhibited it to their parents. It measured six feet in length.

The New School Board.

The new school board was organized on Saturday evening, June 12th. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—John Hoffer.
Secretary—S. D. Gray.
Treasurer—Jarred Harper.

The board will meet on Tuesday evening, June 29th, at 7 o'clock p. m., in the Directors' room, for the purpose of electing teachers.

High Priced Butter.

Dairymen often wonder how their more favored competitors get such high prices for their butter the year round. It is by always having a uniform gilt edged article. To put the "gilt edge" on, when the pastures do not do it, they use Wells, Richardson & Co's Perfected Butter Color. Every butter maker can do the same. Sold everywhere and warranted as harmless as salt, and perfect in operation.

Mr. Editor: In last week's article from Houserville as printed it would seem to accuse a *soldier* of selfishness and also of not wanting the oration delivered at the graveyard, which the written article did not do. The printer's cutting down system is what caused the difference between the written article and the printed one. In justice to the soldier and also to the writer, you will please insert this in your next issue. X.

REV. BISHOP GILMOUR, of Cleveland, Ohio, has used the Great German Remedy, ST. JACOBS OIL, and endorses it highly. He writes about it as follows:—I am pleased to say that the use of ST. JACOBS OIL has benefited me greatly, and I have no hesitation to recomend it to all as an excellent curative.

—The new barn on the premises of Mr. David Keller, Boalsburg, was sucessfully raised on Thursday last. The work of raising, in which seventy-five or eighty men were engaged, was performed in three hours and ahalf, which, taking into consideration the dimensions of the building—100 by 50 feet—was pretty quick time. Abram and Henry Lose, of Pennsvalley, were the carpenters in charge.

—Physicians freely prescribe the new Food Medicine, "Malt Bitters," because more nourishing, strengthening, and purifying than all other forms of malt or medicine, while free from the objections urged against malt liquors. 22-4w

—Census-takers tell us they have no trouble in getting information from anybody excepting those who do not read the papers. This is bad for the man who does not take a paper.

—If you are intending to preserve any strawberries, now is the time to be about it. In about two weeks this toothsome fruit will begin to grow scarce.

—During the storm of Saturday the lightning struck the brick school house, in Milesburg. Roof damaged and flooring in the first story torn up considerably.

—Just received, the largest and handsomest stock of embroideries from 1c a yard up, at Lyon & Co.

Weakly and Sickly Persons.

Many persons who are weak and sickly at this season of the year are at a loss to no know what will restore their health. It has lately been found by experience that the use of Speer's Port Grape Wine is one of the best restoratives known. Physicians, clergymen and temperance advocates should encouarge the use of Port Grape and thus aid in the cause of temperance and moderation. It is especially recommended to families for its purity, exquisite flavor and healthy properities. Medical men certify to its valuable medicinal powers. Mr. Speer has been for years engaged in the raising of grapes and perfecting this wine, and it requires a four years process before it is fit for market.—*N Y Baptist.*

Zeller & Son has procured some direct from the vineyards. It is excellent for females, especially for those with nursing infants.

Shan't I take a Blue Pill?

No, don't take it and run the risk of mercurial poisons, but when bilious and constipated get a box of the celebrated Kidney-Wort, and it will speedily cure you. It is nature's great remedy for constipation, and for all kidney and liver diseases. It acts promptly on these great orgons and so restores strength and vigor.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Governor Cornell was one of the first gentlemen to congratulate Gen. Chester A. Arthur on his nomination for the Vice-Presidency on the arrival of the latter here to-day. Gen. Arthur was complaisant and happy. He said that the nomination of Garfield appeared to be liked better by the people as it grew older. There was magnetism in Garfield, and his record from boyhood was one that even the humblest citizen could but admire and should imitate. He thinks the ticket will receive a hearty support from the working masses. A serenade will be tendered General Arthur to-night. Mayor Frederick Prince, of Boston, a member of the Nrtional Democratic Committee, was in the city to-day. He says that Mr. Tilden is his first choice for President, that already the Gramercy-park statesman can count on at least two hundred votes on the first ballot. He had no doubt that Mr. Tilden could be nominated if he desired to be. A conference of Democratic politicians, though an informal one, was held in the city yesterday at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, at which the Presidential question was discussed. Democrats are reticent, but none of them express a doubt that Mr. Tilden will be a candidate at Cincinnati. Wm. L. Scott, of Erie, and Smith M. Weed were among the number. Mayor Prince visited Mr. Tilden to-day, and was with him some time.

ALTOONA, June 12.—There are a number of leading Democrats here who believe that Hon. William A. Wallace, if nominated on the Democratic ticket for president, could carry Pennsylvania. They claim that it will be an impossibilty to enthuse the followers of the Camerons into the support of Garfield, and that the Democrat who can carry Pennsylvania is the man to nominate. There is, they say, a large Welsh and English vote in the State and many Republicans who would support Wallace because of his indefatigable efforts concerning the abridgement of suffrage of citizens of the United State in Rhode Island. Wallace's ability as a statesman and a politician and organizer, they say, cannot be questioned. His friends claim further thal if he will consent to the use of his name that he will receive the almost unanimous vote of the Pennsylvania delegation. Indeed a majority of the delegation are known to be his personal friends and it is said there will be no necessity for a seven-to-eight commission to decide who is elected. Steps are being taken to press the Senator's claims before the Cincinnati convention.

PHILADELPHIA, June 12.—A report by Capt. A. C. Rand, master of the Ethel A. Merritt, a West Indies fruit schooner, giving details of an outrage on that vessel by the Spanish man-of-war Nuneio, was forwarded to the State Department by Warner & Merritt, of this city, owners of the vessel.

It appears that the Merritt sailed from Jamaica on the 29th ult., with a cargo of fruit. On the following afternoon when 5 miles from the Cuban coast a sail was seen ten miles away bearing down to intercept her, when the schooner stood away from shore. Whon nearer the stranger was seen to be a Spanish gunboat, and fired a blank shot at the Merritt, which at once sent up its colors. When abreast she sent a solid shot from a distance of a quarter of a mile. The shot went through the rigging, and the schooner hove to. A boat manned by two sailors and an officer bearing pistols and sword, pulled for the schooner and boarded it. The Spanish officer inspected the hold and left. Capt. Rand thinks the Spaniards thought they had contraband goods for the revolutionists.

WILLIAMSPORT, June 12.— Judge Cummin to-day refused the motion for a new trial in the case of George Smith and Catharine Miller, convicted of the murder of Andrew Miller of Jersey Shore. The prisoners were then both sentenced to be hanged.

A new trial was to-day granted Peter Herdic and H. E. Taylor, convicted some weeks ago of conspiracy to defraud. Judge Mayer heard the case and made the order.

NEW YORK, June 12.—It is reported here that the steamers Stonington and Narragansett collided off Canfield light on Long Island Sound and that the Narragansett was sunk with considerable loss of life.

PERU, Ind., June 12.—One of a party of tramps encamped near here attempted to outrage a young girl yesterday afternoon. The police in attempting to arrest the culprit shot one of the gang, when a running fire ensued between the tramps and officers. Four of the tramps were captured.

BRADFORD, June 12.—At 7 o'clock this morning lightning struck a 20,000 barrel iron tank of oil belonging to the Tidewater Pipe Company on an eminence above Titusville. The oil took fire and the flames were communicated to another tank of the same size owned by the same company.

At 1 o'clock the burning oil overflowed and ran down the hillside, consuming everything in its course. The Octave Refinery and the Acme Oil Works, one of the largest refineries in the world, are now burning. The burning fluid flowed into Oil Creek, and threatened the destruction of the larger amount of the property in the city, and persons in the neighborhood have abandoned their household goods and fled to places of safety.

At 5 o'clock the flames were still advancing, having reached Franklin and Washington streets, and threatened the destruction of the railroad bridge. Fire companies from Corry, Oil City and Warren were sent to the city in answer to a telegram from the Mayor for aid, and were working with the fire department of Titusville.

At 7 o'clock this evening the buildings along both sides of Broad street were burning, together with about 100,000 barrels of oil. There is great excitement in the city, but the business portion at this time is believed to be safe, the buildings being mostly of brick and solidly constructed.

At 10 p. m. another iron tank burst and set fire to the Franklin street bridge. The Octave Refinery, on the north side, was on fire, and the flames arising were spreading rapidly.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The House met at 9:30 this a. m. in continuation of Saturday's session and the speaker announced the pending question to be on seconding the demand for the previous question on the electoral count resolution. The Republicans resorted to filibustering, and after several roll calls the House adjourned, and at 11 o'clock the session of Monday began. The morning hour was dispensed with, and a conference report on the House bill relating to public lands was submitted.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa. June 14.—A terrible wind and rain storm passed over this county yesterday afternoon. House and barns were unroofed, bridges were damaged, and fruit orchards, gardens, shade trees, fences and sheds were destroyed. The city flouring mill of this place was blown out of line. No lives were lost.

JACKSON, Mich., June 14.—It is supposed that Governor Brown fell from his horse in an apopletic fit. His remains were brought here and laid in state in the capitol until today, when the funeral took place. All business was suspended here during the obsequies.

PITTSFIELD, N. H., June 14.—A whirlwind last night in Barnstead and Gilmanton destroyed about a dozen barns and unroofed many more, and also several houses. The Baptist meeting house was moved several feet, and a lot of timber blown down.

CANTON, O., June 14.—The Snyder planing mill, at Waynesburg, was burned on Saturday evening. Thirty houses were on fire at once from falling brands and in all of them the flames were extinguished by women, the men being engaged at the planing mill fire. Loss $10,000.

BALTIMORE, June 14.—Henry Myers and Michael McCarthy, two sailors, were drowned in the Patapsco river last night by the upsetting of a rowboat in a squall. Three other occupants of the boat were rescued with great effort.

Governor Hoyt will, in a short time, make a requisition on the governor of New York for Nathan L. Lenheim, who some time ago forged notes in Susquihanna county this State, to the amount of $17,000. In October, 1878, and February, 1879, a requisition was made by the governor of Pennsylvania on the governor of New York for Lenheim but he was then serving a sentence in Sing Sing prison in that State, and the authorities refused to give him up. His term will expire on Monday, and he will then be brought into Pennsylvania.

Mr. Jacob Kreamer, proprietor of the Mansion house at Watertown, is probably the owner of the largest hog in northern Pennsylvania. Careful measurement shows it to be six feet and a half from nose to tail, it girths eight feet and weighs between eight hundred and nine hundred pounds.

Some Leading Questions.

A young man who looked as if he had a heap of things on his mind, but who struggled hard to appear outwardly calm, put a five-dollar bill on the desk of a Detroit lawyer the other day and said:

"I want to ask you a few leading questions."

"Go ahead." was the reply, as the money was quietly thrust out of sight.

"If I am engaged to a girl and I go back on her what can she do?"

"Sue you for breach of promise."

"But if she goes back on me what can I do?"

"Hunt up another."

"Um! Suppose I have presented her with a $2 fan, a pair of bracelets, a parasol and a ring?"

"Then she is so much ahead."

"If I believe that her infatuation for another is but a passing whim and I flourish a revolver and talk of suicide, what then?"

"Her father will probably pick you up and drop you into the first mud puddle."

"Um! Suppose I had presented her mother with a twenty-shilling umbrella?"

"Then she'll keep dry."

"And her brother with an accordeon?"

"Then he'll worry the neighbors."

"Suppose, sir, I had, for the sake of making myself solid with the old man, presented him with sixteen dollars' worth of watch-dog?"

"He'll set him upon you if you have any trouble."

"Um. Have I no redress?"

"Yes, sir; go and lick the prairie ranger who has stolen away your girl's affections."

"I'll do it!"

"Glad to hear it. I'll defend your case for $20."

"Um!"

"Um!"

"Come to think of it he is a bigger man than I am!"

"Then let him lick you and I'll make it cost him $50."

"Um!" I'll think of it."

"Um!" Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M."

And the young man troubled with inward agitation took himself out.—*Free Press.*

When You Feel Mean

take Kidney-Wort, advertised in another column. It acts energetically on the bowels and Kidneys at the same time, and so cures a host of diseases caused by the inaction of these organs. If you are out of fix, buy it at your druggists and save a doctor's bill.

FARMERS

AND PATENT DEALERS

Look to your interest and buy the

KEYSTONE

Tire Tightener,

A new and useful invention, patented November 18, 1879, which obviates all the difficulties and expense heretofore connected in keeping your wagon, buggy, horse rake, and seed drill wheels in repair.

First. By using this machine you can tighten your wheels without the aid of a blacksmith, as it is simply a device to attach to the spokes to adjust the felloe back to the tire, where it originally belonged; then insert a leather washer on the tenon of the spoke between the spoke and the felloe, which keeps the felloe up tight against the tire.

Second. By this method you can tighten the tire without removing the wheel from the wagon, or the tire from the wheel.

Third. By using this machine you will not dish the wheel, burn and split the felloe, or overheat the tire, as is too often the case when done by the old method, as you have the wheel under perfect control to make it just as tight as you want it, not running the risk of more shrinkage than was allowed, and thus ruin the wheel.

Fourth. With this machine you can remove a broken spoke and spring in a new one without injury to the wheel.

Fifth. A wheel tightened by this method will last twice as long as one tightened by the old method.

Sixth. You can save half the price of the machine on one job alone, allowing nothing for the time and trouble of taking the wagon to the shop.

QUESTIONS

Occasionally asked by persons not fully understanding the merits of the machine:

Question. Does this machine work hard?
Answer. No; a boy from twelve to fifteen years of age can work it as readily as a grown person.
Question. How does this method of tightening tires affect the hub of the wheel?
Answer. It tightens the spokes in the hub, as the machine is fastened to the hub and has the same downward pressure as it has to raise, thus should a spoke be loose in the hub it forces it back to its place and tightens it.
Question. If the wheel be felloe-bound, how do you tighten it without sawing a piece out of the felloe, as it is done by the old method?
Answer. Simply by adjusting the felloe back to its original place, then put the washer under it and keep it there.
Question. Will not a wheel tightened by this method soon give way and become loose?
Answer. No; as it is evident that wood upon wood will not last as long as wood on leather, by placing a leather washer on the tenon of the spoke, it avoids friction and bruising of the wood, thus proving all for the machine that we claim for it.

AGENTS WANTED

In every township in the county. Good men can do well. Every machine warranted to give satisfaction. For further information and terms for territory call on or address

J. B. KINSLEY,

Singer Sewing Machine Office,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

23-1m

14 Stop Organs Stool, Book and Music, boxed and shipped, only $85. New Pianos $105 to $1,600. Midsummer offer illustrated free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. 20-6t

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—IN THE MATTER of the assigned estate of JOHN CURTIN. In the Common Pleas of Centre county. The undersigned Auditor appointed to make distribution of the balance in the hands of J. D. Shugert, Esq., assignee of John Curtin, among the creditors and those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment in the Court room at Bellefonte on Tuesday, the 3d day of August, at 11 o'clock a m. All persons interested are required to make their claims before said Auditor or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

JOHN B. LINN, Auditor.

June 14, 1880.—24-3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned for the estate of JAMES SOMMERVILLE, Sr., deceased, late of Snow Shoe, Pa., all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for payment. JAMES D. SOMMERVILLE, Administrator.

Bellefonte, June 10, 1880.—21-6

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF ISAAC MOORE, DECEASED.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Isaac Moore, deceased, late of Worth township, Centre county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. JESSE WOODRING, Executor,

22-6t Port Matilda, Pa.

Dr. Jones' Cream Camphor,

IS the name of the popular Liniment that cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swollen or Stiffened Joints, Frost Bites, pain in the Face, Head or Spine, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Mosquito Bites, Sting or Bite of an insect, Poison from common Poison Vines, etc., for man or beast. Always reliable and almost instantaneous in its relief. Having an agreeable odor, it is pleasant to apply. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

N. B.—The Liniment received a Prize Medal at the State Fair, 1879. 20-1y

E. B. TREAT 757 Broadway, N. Y., Publisher of First class Subscription Books, WANTS one or more AGENTS in every county. Steady work and best terms. 22-4t

New Advertisements.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF DANIEL SCHENCK, DEC'D, of Howard township.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Daniel Schenck, deceased, late of Howard township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

JONATHAN SCHENCK,
MICHAEL SCHENCK,
Howard, May 20, 1880. 21-6t Executors.

Dr. Jones' Taraxacum Tonic,

Or Dyspepsia Medicine, a vegetable compound whose virtues have stood a test of forty years, is infallible in the cure of Dyspepsia, General Debility, Chronic Weakness of the Lungs, Spleen, Kidneys, Short Breath, Heartburn, St. Vitus' Dance, pain in the Stomach, Back and Chest. Particularly adapted to all Female Diseases, no matter what the age of the patient may be. Price, 75 cents. Sold by druggists. 20-1y

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county, to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of JOHN HOFFER, Guardian of LAVINA STINE (formerly, Lavina Mays, minor child of Jeremiah Mays, dec'd), and if necessary, restate the account, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Wednesday, the 14th day of July, 1880, at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., when and where all persons interested can attend if they see proper.

23-3t E. M. BLANCHARD, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE—The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Executors of DAVID ROSS, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., on Tuesday, the 29th day of June, 1880, when and where all persons interested are requested to be present and present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund

23-3t. E. M. BLANCHARD, Auditor.

SIX CORD
ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,
Paris, 1878
AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA, 1876,
As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."
TRY IT
S.F.T.
ESTABLISHED 1855.
ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING
MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N.J.
STUART & BRO (LIMITED) AGENTS, NY & PHIL
MEDALS AWARDED
PARIS. PHILADELPHIA. NEW YORK & BOSTON.
TRY IT
SEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON
SOFT FINISH

Philadelphia One Price Clothing House.

The Philadelphia Branch of 26 North Third Street

ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE,

Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

The Largest Stock of Clothing Ever Brought to Centre County, Which They

Retail at Wholesale Prices.

A. STERNBURG can be found at this Store.

SAMUEL LEWINS,
Manager.

12-4 tf.

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Grain! Grain! Grain!

LAWRENCE L. BROWN,

Dealer in

COAL, GRAIN, PLASTER, &c.

OFFICE, GRAIN ELEVATOR AND COAL YARD

Near South End Bald Eagle Valley Ralroad.

WILKESBARRE and SHAMOKIN

ANTHRACITE COAL!!

Best Qualities Always on Hand,

☞WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED.☜

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-tf

WITH INCREASED ROOM, AN ADDITION OF HELP, WITH IMPROVED LIGHT,

Added to an Immense Stock of Everything in Our Line, Bought Previous to the Late Advance in Prices,

We are now willing to share our advantages with our ever increasing trade.

MEN'S, YOUTHS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

Of the celebrated Rochester make; best quality; better lined; better made and better fits than any other offered in any market, with prices equally as low.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER AND GOOD FITS GUARANTEED.

CARPETS we are now offering at 25 per cent less than prices in first hands.

Body Brussels, Tapestry, 3-ply, Ingrain, Damask and Venetian, Rag, Cottage and Hemp, the largest assortment in the county. We invite a careful inspection by those intending to purchase.

OUR DRYGOODS WERE BOUGHT EARLY. OWING TO THIS FACT WE CAN AND WILL SELL CHEAPER THAN EVER.

sold, and our stock comprises everything under that head. Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! Ladies', misses', children's, men's, youths', boys'. The largest stock and by honorable square dealing, low prices, no misrepresentation, good light, and prompt attention we defy all honorable competition.

SHOES. H. & A. LOEB,

THE OLDEST GENERAL MERCHANTS IN THE COUNTY.

Bellefonte, April 14.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The South American War.

The Philadelphia *Press* says the triangular war now raging between Chili, and Bolivia and Peru, in South America, is rapidly approaching its end. For sixteen months past it has been actively carried on, with varying results at first, but of late with little doubt as to the final result. As the end approaches a look at the beginning is instructive, showing. as it does in this case, the triumph of right over might, and of industry and worth over sloth and corruption. After the war in Spain, Chili and Bolivia finally settled their boundary dispute by treaty, the latter agreeing that the Chillians engaged in guano mining within the Bolivian limits should do so without tax or hindrance for twenty-five years after date of treaty. In 1878 the Bolivian government under Gen. Daza levied a tax upon the Chillians, who were gaining the complete control of the nitrate beds. The Chilian government remonstrated, but only received evasive answers, and the Chilians working in Bolivia were notified that their property would be sold if the taxes were not paid by a certain date. The Chilian fleet was sent to Antofagosta to protect the property which was threatened, and on the 24th of January the occupation of Antofagosta was ordered. Chili meantime discovered that Bolivia had made a treaty of defence and offense with Peru, which was a breach of the treaty between Peru and Chili, and as Peru and Bolivia refused to explain their warlike preparations and actions, war was declared by the Chilians. The secret of the rise of the war undoubtedly lay in Peru's instigation of Bolivia, because the former hoped to gain possession of the Atacama nitrate deposits, then in the possession of Chili, and in this both Peru and Bolivia could regulate the price of the product to the detriment of Chili and to their own profit.

On the part of Peru war was declared, nominally because Chilli refused to recognize a treaty made between Peru and Bolivia in 1873, on the 6th of April, 1879. The terrible battle of the Huascar and the Esmeraldo at Iquique, the capture of Pisagna, the battles of Antofagosta and of Tarapaca are of recent date and need only to be mentioned to show the superiority of the Chillians to their enemies, which is all the more astonishing since she is less in population than either of her enemies. Chilli, in fact, is well entitled to the name of New England of South America, which has been given her.

In Peru, on the other hand, and in Bolivia as well, the people are a hybrid race, lazy, idle and terribly priest-ridden; the government is thoroughly beaucratic, and its members and officials self-aggrandizing. The Peruvian army at the outbreak of the war numbered nine thousand men, and their navy was in many respects an excellent one. The army of Chili, on the other hand, numbered barely three thousand men, and her navy less than the Peruvian; but owing to the evil and undisciplined state of affairs in Peru, Chili's better organized and disciplined army and navy have practically had their own way. A spirit of enthusiasm, too, has animated the Chilians, while in Peru and Bolivia there has been more than one change in the government since the war began, which was caused by the envious and opposing office-seekers.

Since November last the Chilians have been in possession of the Peruvian province of Tarapaca, the richest portion of Peru, and the capture of Africa and Callao have been the only events required to end the war. The Chilian victory at Tacua has practically settled t is question, for the armies of both contestants have been concentrating at that point for some time; according to the last reports numbering 19,000 Chilians and 13,000 allies. Action by the Chilian navy has been suspended for some time, but Admiral Rivers, commanding the Chilian fleet, is said to have received orders to offer terms of peace to the allies if the Chilians gained the day at Tacua, and in case of refusal to bombard Callao at once and to blockade the ports leading to Lima. As the Chilian guns can easily destroy Callao, it is to be hoped that, in view not only of the immense and almost irreparable loss, but also of the great foreign interests at stake, the Peruvians will at last consent to accept the terms which sooner or later they must necessarily do. Other reasons combine to force an immediate end. Great damage to foreign property has already been done during the war, and the injury to trade by the cessation of commerce has attracted the attention of the Continental powers to the necessity of ending the struggle. It has already been mentioned in the news that Italy, supported by France and England, has taken the initiative in presenting claims for damages to Chili, and Sir Charles Dilkie, in the House of Commons the other day, stated that England was in communication with the other powers as to meditating in the case, so that before long we will probably hear of the end of the war.

THERE is now only a very remote possibility that Congress will adjourn before the 1st of July, and the session may even continue beyond that date.

IT is a little curious that a former leader of the Schuylkill county Mollie Maguire cut-throats should turn up at the head of a stride in the mining regions of the far west. Whether this particular Mollie is wanted by justice in Schuylkill county or any other part of the anthracite coal regions, we do not know, but if he should be wanted to answer for any great crime we apprehend that the miners of the Rocky Mountains would be among the first to lend a hand in turning him over to the proper authorities.

PROF. GREENER, Whittaker's former tutor and firm friend, fiercely denounces the conclusion of the West Point military court. He declares his ability to establish Whittaker's innocence before a fair and impartial tribunal. The Secretary of War will give Whittaker and Greener a chance to be heard, and then it will be known how much or how little they can accomplish in the way of clearing up the damaging aspects of the case, and overturning the conclusions of the court. There is a remote possibility that the colored cadet is the victim of a conspiracy, but it is very remote.

THE Democrats and Greenbackers of Maine have coalesced in the nomination of a candidate for Governor. This time they have varied things a trifle by taking up a former Republican as their nominee. The two parties held separate conventions, the Greenbackers nominating General Plaisted first, and he was then endorsed by the Democrats. The two conventions then choose delegates to the national conventions—the Democrats to that at Cincinnati on the 22d inst., and the Greenbackers to the one at Chicago. It is understood that the candidates for Presidential electors are to be chosen jointly by the Greenback and Democratic State committees, with the understanding that they are to cast their votes, if elected, for either the Democratic or Greenback candidates for President and Vice President as they may deem best.

Tammany and Cincinnati.

The Tammany hall committee on organization has made further arrangements in regard to transportation of delegates to the Cincinnati convention. According to reports received about five hundred Tammanyites will go there. A special train on the New York Central railroad yesterday conveyed the delegation to Cincinnati, with Commissioner Thomas S. Brennan as marshal. The headquarters will be at the Burnett house and rooms have also been engaged at the St. James.

A good deal of comment has been caused in local political circles during the past few days by the statement of Edward Pierrepont, made in a speech at the Chicago convention, that he knew of his own private knowledge that there would be no division in the Democratic party in this State this year, and that Tammany would support the nominee of the Cincinnati convention. He said further that private negotiations were now going on to carry this out.

Inquiry has failed to confirm the statement, so far as it concerns "negotiations proceeding," but there is fair evidence that there will be no division in the party. Ex-Lieutenant Governor Dorsheimer, who took part in the Kelley convention at Syracuse, said he knew of no negotiations, but he did not think there would be any division in the Democratic party in this State this year, and he had no doubt that the nominee of the Cincinnati convention would receive the unanimous support of the party. Similar expressions of opinion were obtained from ex-Judge Spence and other Tammany men.

A Census of the Trees.

An interesting feature of the coming census report, says the New York *Sun*, will be a catalogue of American forest trees. Prof. Sargent, of Harvard College, is distributing preliminary catalogues with blank pages to be filled up with any valuable information that those interested in trees may give. The catalogue contains a list of three hundred and forty native trees, with descriptions of their wood and economic uses. Our forests are rich in valuable as well as beautiful trees, and some such work as this is needed. They have been too much neglected, and have suffered in consequence. Better and more widespread knowledge of the forest trees of this country would have saved millions of dollars' worth of black walnut and other precious woods that have been recklessly destroyed because their real value was not known. With too many persons a tree is only a tree, and the distinction of species is disregarded. Comparatively few in the forest districts understand the best uses of the trees they live among. This ignorance is directly injurious to the national prosperity. Even in the long settled regions of the Eastern States farmers often chop down for firewood oakes, pines and hickories, when less valuable trees growing on the same land would answer the purpose just as well.

Concluding Work of the Chicago Convention.

CHICAGO, June 9.—The convention began to assemble at 5 o'clock. On Chairman Hoar's table stood a large floral effigy of a full-rigged ship, floating on a sea of color, in which the name "Garfield" was worked in scarlet colors. The convention was called to order at 5:30. Lambord's male quarteete, of Chicago, opened the proceedings with the song, "My Country, 'tis of Thee," eliciting much applause and a stormy recall, to which they responded by giving a comic negro campaign song.

Mr. Gary, of Maryland, moved that the convention proceed to receive nominations for Vice-President. Adopted.

Mr. Pixley, of California, named Elihu B. Washburne, of Illinois.

Mr. Robinson, of Connecticut, named Marshall Jewell, of that State.

Mr. Hicks, of Florida, named Thomas Settle, of Florida.

Mr. Conger, of Michigan, said he desired to nominate Senator Ferry, of his State, but he had a letter from the Senator absolutely declining the use of his name, and he asked to have it received and made part of the record. Agreed to.

Mr. Houck, of Tennessee, nominated Horace Maynard, of that State.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, named Chester A. Arthur, of that State.

At this point the chair read a telegram from Oregan to Delegate Scott, announcing that the Republicans carried that State by one thousand majority, and that Garfield's nomination excited much enthusiasm.

The nomination of Mr. Arthur was seconded by Ohio, New Jersey, Illinois, Mississippi, Maryland and Missouri.

Mr. Chambers, of Texas, named ex-Gov. Davis, of that State.

Florida then withdrew the name Davis in favor of Arthur.

Mr. Cessna, of Pennsylvania, said his delegation was within two votes of a unit for Arthur.

Mr. White of Kentucky, said his delegation was united for Arthur.

Mr. McCarthy of New York withdrew his second to Washburne's nomination, and moved it be made by acclamation.

The chair ruled that the roll must be called on this ballot, and that Mr. McCarthy's motion was out of order.

Texas withdrew Mr. Davis' name.

Mr. Hoar resumed the chair and stated that it was in order to suspend the rules by a two-thirds vote.

A delegate moved that the rules be suspended and the nomination of Arthur be made by acclamation. The motion to suspend was lost.

The roll was called, and the ballot resulted as follows:

Washburne 193, Jewell 44, Settle 1, Maynard 30, Arthur 468, Davis 2, Woodford 1, Bruce (Miss.) 8, Alcorn (Miss.) 1.

Mr. Frye, in the chair, said that Arthur having received a majority of all the votes cast, was the candidate for Vice-President, and inquired, "Shall the nomination be made unanimous?" Haymond, of California, moved that it be made unanimous. Adopted.

AFTER THE NOMINATION.

With the announcement of the vote Conkling arose and, receiving recognition, in a husky voice moved to make the nomination unanimous, his expression of hope that all who had taken part in the struggle against each other would find themselves with equal zeal bearing the nag and carrying the lance of the Republican party into the camp of the enemy producing a marked effect. Logan's speech and that of Gen. Beaver, promising earnest work in Illinois and Pennsylvania, were loudly cheered, as was that of Hale, of Maine. Beaver's remarks were as follows:

"The State of Pennsylvania has had the honor of first naming in this convention the gentleman who has been nominated as the standard-bearer of the Republican party in the approaching national contest. I arise to second the motion to makeit unanimous,to assure this convention and the people of this country that Pennsylvania is heartily in accord with this nomination, and the country may expect from Pennsylvania next November the best majority for the nominee that has been given in that State for many years."

There were other speeches of like character by men of less note and from States whose action was of less significance. The mass of the delegates and audience soon tired of them, and the recess for time to consult as to second place on the ticket found few objections.

BLAINE CONGRATULATES GARFIELD.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Senator Blaine sent the following telegram to General Garfield this afternoon as soon as he received the announcement of Maine's vote on the final ballot:

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, 1:45 p.m.

Hon. James A. Garfield, Chicago:

Maine's vote, this moment cast for you, goes with my hearty concurrence. I hope it will aid in securing your nomination and securing victory to the Republican party.

JAMES G. BLAINE.

Gen. Garfield replied as follows:

CHICAGO, June 8.

Hon. J. G. Blaine, Washington:

Accept my thanks for your generous dispatch.

JAMES A. GARFIELD.

After the nomination was announced Mr. Blaine rode to the capitol in a carriage with General Sherman. He remained in the Senate some three hours, taking active part in the running debates of the afternoon.

SHERMAN CONGRATULATES.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—*Hon. James A. Garfield, Chicago:* I congratulate you with all my heart upon your nomination as President of the United States. You have saved the Republican party and the country from a great peril, and assured the continued success of Republican principles.

(Signed) JOHN SHERMAN.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

NEW-YORK, June 10.—John Gimple, a German fresco painter, whose wife keeps a boarding house for men at No. 10 Delancy street, beat his wife this morning until he thought her dead and then flung her out upon the stairs, bolted his bed room door, set the house on fire and cut his throat from ear to ear. The firemen found him in the bed enveloped in flames and dragged him into the street, where he died. The woman's skull was fractured and her death is expected.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 10.—Generals Grant and Sheridan, accompanied by Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Sheridan, Gen. W. R. Rawley, the only survivor of Gen. Grant's original regimental staff, Generals Ingalls and Whipple, and Hon. Thomas B. Keogh, arrived here yesterday to participate in the grand reunion of veterans. Yesterday afternoon a campetitive drill of military companies was held at Camp Reunion. About ten thousand old veterans were formed in a hollow square, and within the square six contending companies performed the evolutions assigned to them.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The confusion yesterday afternoon necessitated the appointment of Dennis Kearney as sergeant-at-arms, flanked by a number of able assistants, who finally managed to restore order.

A permanent organization was effected by the selection of R. S. Trevellick, of Michigan, permanent chairman. The chairman adopted the report of the committee on rules, after voting down by a large majority a proposition to make two-thirds of the convention necessary to the selection of a Presidential candidate. A delegate then moved to allow incomplete delegations to cast the full vote of their State. In the confusion which followed there was a bewildering entanglement of points of order, personal explanations, amendments, substitutes and demands from half a dozen members at a time for recognition by the chair, in the midst of which the chair called on the delegates to take their seats, and announced that he would tire them out and obtain order if it took till Christmas, and that they could not secure recognition by standing up, even if they stood on their heads.

Finally the proposition was adopted and a memorial of the socialistic labor party was read. It expressed a desire for representation in this body for the purpose of making common warfare against the money power and claimed to have a hundred thousand voters in the socialistic ranks. On motion of Mr. Stuobs, of Iowa, that part of committee on credentials report which had not yet been adopted, was taken up and the section favoring the admission of forty-four socialist delegates and also the admission of representatives of the union greenback party as delegates was adopted. Under the call for the previous question by De La Matyr, after Van Patten, the socialist leader had explained the purpose of the socialists in applying for admission, a committee of five was appointed to invite the socialist and union greenback delegates to seats in the convention.

The whole evening was taken up in the discussion of propositions for new resolutions in the platform including one on woman suffrage. There was a parliamentiary snarl which at one o'clock had not been extinguished and seemed likely to keep the convention in session all night.

LATER.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The Greenbackers have nominated Congressman Weaver as their candidate for the Presidency.

In the Greenback Labor Convention last night after the nomination of Weaver, Campbell, Butler and Wolf for the Presidency, Congressman Yocum, of Pennsylvania, nominated Hon. Hendrick B. Wright, of Pennsylvania. Wm. R. Dale, who claimed to be a phenomenon, inasmuch as he was the only living confederate private in the United States, nominated Thomas H. Murch, of Maine, but Murch promptly declined. Wisconsin presented the name of Edward P. Allis, of Massachusetts.

At 3:25 a. m. it was moved that the conventian proceed to ballot for a nominee for President of the United States. An informal ballot was first taken about daybreak. It stood: Weaver 224½, Wright 127½, Dillaye 119, Butler 95, Chase 89, Allis 41, Campbell 21. Before the vote was announced it was evident that Weaver had a clear majority and all delegates hastened to change their votes to him, and just as the morning sun shone through the eastern windows the result of the ballot was announced as 718 for General James B. Weaver, the total vote, and without any motion the nomination was made unanimous.

Nominations for Vice-President were made in the midst of a perfect pandemonian of shouting delegates. E. J. Chambers, of Texas, and Gen. A. L. West, of Mississippi, were placed in nomination. The first ballot resulted, Chambers, 403; West, 311. Gen. Chambers' nomination was then made unanimous.

At 6 o'clock General Weaver came into the hall apparently from a good night's rest, and accepted the nomination which a sleepless convention had tendered him.

At 6:10 a. m. the convention adjourned.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—A Portland, Oregon, dispatch says: The latest election returns from the interior of the State indicate that M. C. George, Republican, has been elected to Congress by a majority ranging from 1,000 to 1,500. The entire Republican ticket for Judges of the Supreme Court is elected beyond a doubt.

NEWARK, June 11.—The failure of the First National Bank, of Newark, is announced. The officials are unable to give any particulars, but the failure is a very bad one. The suspension causes much excitement and consternation. It is reported that not over $50,000 will be saved out of a capital stock of over $300,000.

Marietta furnace has been blown out for want of orders.

State News in Brief.

Foxes in Beavr and Washington counties are killing lambs.

The Quaker city grand jury favors the whipping post, Judge Biddle dissenting.

The Clearfield county fair will be held on the 15th, 16th, and 17th of September.

Mrs. Ellen Lowry, of New Castle, committed suicide on Monday by cutting her throat.

Joseph Reane, a negro, was killed at Indiana on Saturday, by the fall of a circus tent pole.

Rev. A. B. Hard, an Episcopal clergyman, died at Chester on Monday night, aged 79 years.

Ex-Senator Cameron will attend the fete of the "Old Defenders" at Pottsville on the 24th instant.

Willie Hamer, 12 years old, of Northumberland county, was kicked to death by a horse on Saturday.

Superintendent N. G. Murphy, of the Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce has been found over $5,000 short in his accounts.

David A. Stout, superintendent of the water department of the P.&R. company, died at his residence in Reading on Satturday.

John Fritz yelled for Grant in Reading on Saturday until he disturbed the peace, and in default of his fine was locked up.

Mrs. Julia Kelley, a widow, of Titusville, sent her 6-year-old girl on an errand in 1874 and she has not heard of the child since.

The first national bank of Meadville closed its doors on Friday because of an impairment of capital ctock. The depositors will be paid off.

General John Kay Clement, delegate from Northumberland county, refused to go to Chicago because the expence of the trip was greater than he glory.

Francis McGuigan, 38 years old of Phoenixille, cut his throat with a razor while laboring under delirium tremens, and was taken to the pennsylvania hospital.

Judge Albright and all the Lehigh county officials were the guests of Berks county at Reading yesterday. The main object of the visit was to inspect the Berks county buildings.

The Reading railroad, lessees of the Norristown road, paid the quarterly rent last week amounting to $59,000, and the amount was paid to the Norristown share holders on Saturday.

The Union oil company with headquarters in Titusville, has purchased 183 acres of territory on Cole creek for $150,000. Two wells on the purchase have a combined yield of 500 barrels a day.

At a meeting of citizens in Lock Haven on Saturday night enough money was raised to secure the erection there of an extensive paper and pulp manufactory, to be built by Armstrong, Dixon & Co., of Philadelphia.

The total amount of actual cash that has been contributed and forwarded to the Milton sufferers from Wilkesbarre through the the treasurer of the relief association is $2,-035.61, This is apart from nearly $500 sent by private parties.

A Household Need.

A book on the Liver, its diseases and their treatment, sent free. Including treatises upon Liver Complaints, Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Malaria, etc. Address Dr. Sanford, 162 Broadway, New York City, N. Y. 19-4w

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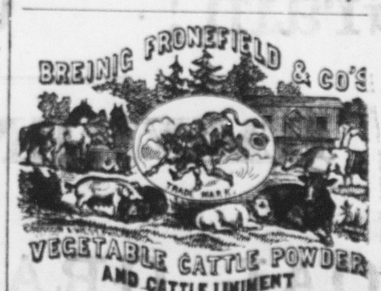
BIRCH BEER,

the most delightful beverage of the season. Cooling, refreshing, and an excellent preventative of summer complaints. It also acts as a blood purifier without any stimulating or intoxicating effects, being a purely vegetable preparation, and entirely free from anything approaching alcohol. It is so VERY CHEAP that it is within the means of the poorest. A 25 cent package will make five gallons of beer! Endorsed by temperance advocates and physicians. All druggists and country storekeepers sell it. Wholesale depot, N. W. cor. 3d and Callowhill Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. 20-1y



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Being in possession of a large number of excellent testimonials, I subjoin a few:

I have been using your Cattle Powder for horses, cows, chickens and pigs, and find it a *first class thing*.—GEORGE BOND, Germantown, Pa.

Please send me half a gross of Cattle Powder. I have used two packs on my cow and chickens. The cow gave nearly twice the quantity of milk that she did before, and gave twice the amount of butter. My chickens were dying, but were cured immediately after I had used the powder. Yours truly, JONAS PASOUR, Dallas, N. C.

I have used and compared your Cattle Powder with all others, and must say it is the best for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. I have tried it on poultry for many complaints, with success in every case.—JONATHAN WEAVER, Berrysburg, Pa.

Last summer you sent me a pack of your powder which I gave to my poultry, and have not had one droopy turkey or chicken since.—MRS. WM. KNAPP, Orange, N. Y.

Send me a pack or two of your Cattle Powder. The pack I got from you last winter cured the chicken cholera. I gave some of it to a neighbor and it cured his chickens.—JOHN WILLIAMS, Spruce Vale, Ohio.

Address me for a pamphlet full of useful information for the farmer, horseman or dairyman.

F. A. MULLER,
20-1y 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Decoration Day in Snow Shoe.

As Snow Shoe is considered by a great many readers of your valuable paper to be such an out-of-the-way place, and has often been remarked almost out of the world, the following will show that Snow Shoe has not lost her patriotism nor forgotten her noble brave who left home and friends to battle for their country's rights. The order of United American Mechanics of this place had charge of the day. They met at their hall at one o'clock, formed in procession and with martial music in the lead, next the order of United American, followed by the lady committee on wreaths, who through the generosity of Edward Nolan, were conveyed by his team in a wagon fitted up for the occasion. All being ready, the procession then marched from the hall to the depot and back to the hall, during which time the wagons that had gathered at the hall were all loaded and fell in the rear of the procession, whence we marched to the cemetery. After music by the band and singing, an oration was delivered by Col. D. H. Hastings, of Bellefonte, as fine an orator as one would wish to listen to. He spoke ably, bringing to memory the liberty bought by our forefathers and rescued by those noble braves whose graves we were about to decorate. The citizens of this place also have shown their respect to the fallen heroes by the interest they manifested on that day.

As we were not able to get all the names of those that furnished wreaths for the occasion I append the following which had been handed to the committee: Misses Lizzie Grassler, Jennie Rankin, Annie Oxenbinder, Lida Lucas, Annie Byers, Kittie Bowers, Mrs. Meese Gunsallus, wreaths, and Miss Lida Gunsallus, two wreaths and one cross. The wreaths furnished to be placed on the graves of the soldiers were abundant and fitting emblems of the occasion.

All those who furnished wreaths, whose names are omitted here, have the thanks of the committee, as well as the order; also the band, which made a magnificent display of music, and in dress having just dawned a new uniform.

Everything passed off pleasantly under the charge of chief marshal John Gunsallus and his assistants, nothing having occurred to mar or in any way interfere with the successful carrying out of our programme.

All the sincere thanks of the committee of arrangements for their assistance, and we hope the respect shown the day we honor for our dead will not soon be forgotten.

COMMITTEE.

Notes from Milesburg.

On Tuesday last the citizens of Central City, in Boggs township, were aroused by the cry of fire. It was soon discovered that the roof of the residence of John M. Smith was on fire. The day being very calm, ladders, buckets and plenty of water convenient, the fire after burning a four-foot square hole was put out. No furtner damage was sustained. This was the third fire in the immediate vicinity within a short time. As Milesburg has within a few years past suffered largely from fires (I would mention Green's grist mill, foundry, machine shop, patterns, lathes, etc., the loss of which was fully $20,000 and no insurance) the citizens have become aroused to their duty, and the organization of a hook and ladder company is strongly agitated. I just learned that the organization is about complete, and that Alexander Dronecker is authorized to receive any contributions of money for the purchase of the necessary equipage.

It is also said that a brass band is about being organized. Milesburg can boast of excellent material for a band, such as A. F. Boggs, Archey Bathhurst, Dr. Addleman, Jos. Green, John Boilleau, W. C. Morris, H. Kinney, A. A. Koalbecker and others. A. F. Boggs agrees to subscribe $50, and to further encourage the enterprise by paying for his own "horn."

An excellent cow belonging to Emenuel Shrayer was killed on the railroad immediately in front of the residence of John Delong in Central City by the express train going west.

A renewed application of rotten apples by the individual who carried a pair of black eyes for a few days, has brought them to a more original appearance. PHIL.

Improving the Reservoir.

The improvements at the reservoir have all been completed and everything is again in running order. The work of raising the interior wall was in the hands of Mr. Harry Yeager and is pronounced a successful job and gives entire satisfaction. Thursday engineer Rine of the water works, started the pumps, and in a very short time filled the reservoir to the brim, something that has not been done before since the establishment of the works. Mr. Rine informs us that the reservoir now has a capacity of about 280,000 gallons.

Don't Answer Them.

One of our painstaking exchanges, at an enormous outlay of cash, has obtained the following special circular from the chief mogul of the census, in which he instructs his enumerators what questions may be avoided without incurring the penalty prescribed by act of Congress. Here they are:

No married man need tell at what hour his lodge adjourns, nor who that girl was he sat beside in the theatre, nor how much he likes his mother-in-law, according to the metric system, nor how often his wife enlivens his recollection by telling what "fine chances she had to get a rich husband before she consented to marry a poor one."

No married woman need tell if she has a new spring bonnet, nor how much she likes the new minister, nor how she hates that woman down street who always talks so pleasantly to her husband.

No young man need tell how often he has "played off sick" to his employer, nor how often he has been jilted, nor why he wears piccadilly collars, smokes mean cigars, or drinks meaner liquor.

No young woman need tell how often she has loafed in the sitting room while her mother stood at the washtub, nor that she hasn't been in church for a month because that horrid Miss Spikes has such a "perfectly awful bonnet," nor that she wants a beau, nor the size of her No. 10 shoes, nor her age.

All other questions must be answered, otherwise it will be taken as an attempt to bulldoze the enumerators, in which event a sufficient number of troops will be at the polls next November to keep the peace.

The River Brethren.

The River brethren, an off-shoot of the United Brethren denomination, are in session this week on what is known as the John Engle farm, near Harrisburg. Rev. Long, pastor of the United Brethren church of this place, is one of the prominent members present. The *Telegraph* gives the following account of the proceedings: It is the annual Communion Love Feast and babtizing of this religious sect, and is usually had immediately before harvest. There are from five to eight hundred persons present, including representatives from the churches in Lebanon, Berks, Cumberland, Centre, Lancaster, Monroe, Pike and York counties, and also from Ohio and Indiana, where the sect is very strong. Among the noted men present are Rev. Myers, of Cumberland, and Revs. Brooks and Martin, of Lebanon, and the Rev. Long, of Centre.

To-night the washing of feet and communion will take place, ceremonies which are always conducted at night, the "last supper" having been held in the famous upper room at night, when the Lord met His disciples for the last time prior to his ascension.

To-morrow baptism and the love feast will take place, at the latter of which all are freely admitted, but the former is of close character. An ox has been prepared for roasting on this occasion, with all the other adjuncts necessary for a feast in the fullest sense of the word. Free accommodations have also been prepared for all horses brought on the ground, so that all who go, whether of brethren or not, will be welcomed and entertained hospitably.

It is expected, beside the brethren, that several hundred visitors will be on the ground this evening to witness the solemn rites of feet washing and the communion.

The "Miltonian."

Mr. L. V. Houseal, editor and publisher of the *Miltonian*, at Milton, states that in order to re-establish his paper he proposes to pursue the following novel plan. In order to give the paper a feature that will make it interesting far beyond its immediate locality, help us to re-establish our paper, and insure employment to numbers of our suffering townspeople, we have appealed to our brethren of the pen far and near for a contribution of original thought to be published under their names in our columns. To this appeal, made but a few days ago, we have received so many responses that the success of our scheme is already guaranteed. Among the number who have sent us their assurances of assistance we mention Col. John W. Forney, of *Progress*, Philadelphia; Audubon Davis, managing editor of the Philadelphia *Press*; Col. A. K. McClure, of the *Times*, Philadelphia; Edwin H. Nevin, editor *Evening News*, Philadelphia; Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, of Illinois; ex-Governor James Pollock, of Philadelphia, formerly of Milton; Prof. David Swing, of Chicago, Ills.; Hon. Franklin Bound, of Milton; John F. Groff (Graybeard) Philadelphia; I. H. Torrence, Danville; Admiral David D. Porter, U. S. N., and others, who will cheerfully aid us. These contributions from the bright constellation of American intellect will make the *Miltonian*, for the next year at least, one of the most interesting and original papers in the United States.

Be Careful, Boys!

Wednesday morning a colored boy named James Delige was arrested and taken before the Burgess to answer the charge of striking a son of Mr. John Fellenbaum with a large stone. Not being able to prove himself guiltless he was given twelve hours in the "cooler." One or two more vigorous applications of the law will be apt to check this stone-throwing on the streets.

A Plug of Tobacco.

One day last month when trade was dull a grocery clerk procured a piece of sole leather from a shoemaker, painted it black and laid it aside for future use. Within a few days an old chap from back in the country came in and inquired for a plug of chewing tobacco. The piece of sole leather was tied up, paid for and the purchaser started for home. At the end of the sixth day he returned, looking downcast and dejected, and walking into the store he inquired for the clerk:

"'Member that terbacker I got here the other day?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, was that a new brand?"

"Yes."

"Regular plug terbacker, was it?"

"Yes."

"Well, then, it's me. It's right here in my jaws," sadly replied the old man. "I knowed I was getting purty old, but I was always handy on bitin' plug. I never seed a plug afore this one that I couldn't tear to pieces at one chaw. I sot my teeth on this one and bit, and pulled, and twisted like a dog at a root, and I've kept bitin' and pulling for six days, and there she am now, the same as the day you sold her to me."

"Seems to be a good plug," said the clerk, as he smelt of the counterfeit.

"She's all right; it's me that's failing," exclaimed the old man. "Pass me out some fine cut and I'll go home and deed the farm to the boys, and get ready for the grave myself."

Cured of Swearing.

In "Quaker Anecdotes," edited by Richard Pike, there is a pretty story of a certain "Friend Hopper," who had a man by the name of Kane brought before the magistrate and fined for blasphemy. He did not see the man again for a long time, but twenty years afterward, when he was standing by his door, Kane passed by. The Friend's heart was touched by his appearance, for he looked old, feeble and poor. He stepped out, shook hands with him, and said:

"Dost thou remember me, and how I caused thee to be fined for swearing?"

"Yes, indeed I do," he replied; "I remember how many dollars I paid, as well as if it was yesterday."

"Did it do you any good?"

"Never a bit. It only made me mad to have my money taken."

The poor man was then invited to the house. The interest was calculated and every cent repaid him.

"I meant it for thy good, and I am sorry it only provoked thee," said the Quaker.

Kane's countenance changed, and tears began to flow. He took the money, and was never again heard to swear.

Vaa Dyke's SULPHUR SOAP.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE.

FOR the cure of Cutaneous Diseases of all descriptions it is without a rival. Having long been in the market and thoroughly tested by the medical faculty and the public, it is needless to enter into details upon its virtues. Price 25 cents a cake, or 3 cakes for 60 cents. For sale by druggists and country storekeepers. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, Third and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia. 20-1y

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Self-Abuse: as loss of memory, universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and consumption and a premature grave.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or 5 packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

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No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.

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WILL be sold at public auction on Saturday, June 19, 1880, commencing at one o'clock P. M., in Walker township, about one mile east of Zion, a valuable farm, with good buildings, and several tracts of valuable timber land, the property of the late Adam Decker, deceased.

ADAM DECKER,
SAMUEL STAMM,
19 1s Executors.

Dr. Jones' Cream Camphor,

IS the name of the popular Liniment that cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swollen or Stiffened Joints, Frost Bites, pain in the Face, Head or Spine, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Mosquito Bites, Sting or Bite of an insect, Poison from common Poison Vines, etc., for man or beast. Always reliable and almost instantaneous in its relief. Having an agreeable odor, it is pleasant to apply. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

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BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & CO., Maine. 18 21 1y

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A SURE CURE for all the diseases for which it is recommended, and always *perfectly safe* in the hands of even the most inexperienced persons.

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IT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

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PAIN KILLER is the well-tried and trusted friend of all who want a **sure** and **safe medicine** which can be **freely used internally or externally** without fear of harm and with **certainty** of relief.

Its price brings it within the reach of all; and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills. For sale by all druggists at **25c. 50c.** and **$1.00** per bottle.

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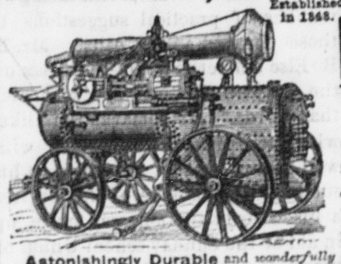

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11-6

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takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

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In fact, every kind of Smokers' Articles.

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—They all go to the Bee Hive.

—A good child's suit at Lyon & Co.'s for $2.00.

—The purest and freshest groceries at Sechler & Co.'s.

—These warm evenings are giving the ice cream men a boom.

—Just opened, a big lot of hats at Lyon & Co.'s. from 35c up.

—Dauphin county comes to the front with bean soup picnics.

—Special bargains in dress goods and shawls at the Bee Hive.

—For delicious canned fruits, confectionery, etc., go Sechler & Co.'s.

—There are fifty-seven soldiers' graves in the Lewisburg cemetery.

—Just received, a big line of ladies' undergarments at Lyon & Co's.

—For a fine selection of chewing and smoking tobaccos go to Sechler & Co.'s.

—The clatter of the mowing machines will soon be heard in the rural districts.

—We don't believe we shall hear anybody complain of dry times again for a few days at least.

—At a recent meeting of the city council of Lock Haven, a fifty-six mill rate of taxation was adopted.

—Republican mass meeting to-morrow night at the Court House. First of the campaign. Turn out, everybody.

—The toy balloon man was in town Monday, and created about as much excitement among the boys as the circus.

—A little boy named Joseph Buchler, of Altoona, fell from a fence on Friday and broke his neck, dying in a few moments.

—The most fashionable goods, for gentlemen and boys, at the Philadelphia branch, the leading clothing house in the county.

—John Duncan, the stalwart Greenbacker, feels good over the Greenback nominations, and says its all up with the other fellows.

—It is estimated that over one thousand houses and barns were destroyed in the northern part of the State during the month of May.

—Ask a man on the street where to get a No. 1 cigar and he will immediately direct you to Harry Green, who keeps the best selected stock in town.

—There was the usual amount of drunkenness on the streets Saturday night. There were no pugilistic encounters, however, nor no arrests that we heard of.

—Harry Green is continually purchasing new brands of cigars, and he knows how to select, too, for everybody goes to him when they desire a real good smoke.

—Miss Nannie Schrock, one of Bellefonte's charming young ladies, returned home Saturday from an extended visit to friends in Lock Haven and Williamsport.

—The storm on Saturday interfered considerably with the transaction of business among the merchants by preventing the farmers and others from coming to town.

—Go to the Philadelphia branch for your clothing and get the very best there is made. Samuel Lewins, manager, will show you anything in his store, and be glad to do so.

—According to the figures now in the hands of the census enumerators, Bellefonte will show a population of about 3,500. The South ward alone shows a population of 1,075.

—Republicans, turn out to the mass meeting at the Court House to-morrow night. Able speakers will be in attendance to address the meeting, and a band of music will also be present.

—A small party of young ladies and misses from town, with baskets of provision, betook themselves to the shady groves of Snow Shoe Intersection on Saturday for a good time generally.

—You cannot get better clothing anywhere in the county than of Samuel Lewins, at the Philadelphia branch. His clothing is made of the best material, and as lasting as custom made goods.

—A sidewalk has been graded before the houses on the new stree leading into Willow Bank, and a boardwalk is being laid the entire length, which will doubtless be greatly appreciated by the residents of that section, who have heretofore been compelled to wade through slush and mud.

WELCOME HOME!

General Beaver Receives an Ovation.

A large crowd of citizens, headed by the Mountain City Band, and marshaled by our active, wide-awake Republican worker, Lieut. Col. Hastings were at the depot Friday night on the arrival of the half-past eight o'clock train to welcome home our distinguished townsman and late representative to the Chicago convention, General James A. Beaver. The affair was an impromptu one, but the crowd considerable in size, nevertheless.

The General was met as he alighted from the train and escorted to a position immediately in the rear of the band, in front of the Bush House. The line of march was then taken up, the crowd forming two by two behind the General and thus marching to music of the band to a position at the corner of the national bank where a halt was called.

On motion of Col. Hastings, Hon. James Milliken was made chairman. Taking his position on the bank steps Mr. Milliken made an extremely neat, graceful and appropriate speech of welcome to the man the people had assembled to hear, and calling upon him to address the throng.

General Beaver, to whom the ovation was a complete surprise, responded with accustomed eloquence, though showing some evidence of physical weariness. The speech was characterized by good taste, and the welcome assurance it gave of the universal acceptance of and the enthusiasm for the nomination of General Garfield. We regret that we were not prepared to report fully these two speeches, which were well received by the large assemblage.

At the conclusion of Gen. Beaver's remarks John G. Love called for three cheers for Garfield and Arthur, which were heartily given. Mr. Love was also called upon for a speech, but declined to respond. The crowd then broke up, the Republican portion, at least, well pleased with the demonstration and the first public speeches they had heard for their ticket of 1880. The band enlivened the occasion throughout with appropriate and patriotic selections, rendered in their usual excellent manner.

Children's Day at the M. E. Church.

The observance of Sunday as children's day at the M. E. church drew together large audiences both at the morning and afternoon services, many members of the other churches in town being in attendance. The ladies of the church had been preparing for the occasion for several days beforehand, and when the people assembled on Sunday morning they found the interior of the building handsomely decorated with flowers and greenery. The rows of gas brackets which extend the entire length of the two outside aisles, were tastefully trimmed, and the floral display about the altar was beautiful and showed the work of skillful hands. In the morning Rev. Donahue delivered an instructive sermon to the children His remarks were well chosen and appropriate, and proved very interesting to the older ones present as well.

The afternoon services were participated in largely by the children. We were unable to be present, and cannot give a detailed statement of the proceedings. The exercises are spoken of by those who were present as having been very interesting and entertaining. The singing especially, both by the children and choir, was particularly good. A pleasing feature of the services was the construction of a huge cross of flowers and by rather a novel process. A class of little boys and girls, all having bouquets, took a position near the altar, and directly in front of a framework of wood representing a cross. They then stepped forward, one at a time, and handed their bouquets to the superintendent, repeating an appropriate verse of Scripture. The superintendent hung the bouquets on the frame, and when all had thus been disposed of the wooden frame was obscured from view and a perfect cross of flowers had been formed.

—Ice cream, so it is said, will spoil the looks of a girl. This may be true but it is equally true that an able-bodied girl, with a fair show, will spoil the looks of a plate of ice cream about as quick as anything we know of.

—The Huntingdon *Globe* has entered upon its thirty-seventh volume, and is one of the neatest appearing and ablest conducted journals in the State, and deserving of the success it seems to be meeting with.

—The body of an unknown man, in a decomposed state, was found in the woods near Cresson on Thursday. It is supposed he was run over by the cars and dragged himself into the woods, where he died.

—Grasshoppers are doing considerable damage to the clover fields about Fillmore.

Observance of Children's Day at Milesburg.

The exercises at the M. Church, in Milesburg on Sunday—Children's Day—we are informed by a correspondent, were unusually pleasing and well carried out. The church was attractively decorated with flowers by the ladies, under the supervision of Mr. Archy Bathurst, who is an adept in matters of this kind. The exercises consisted of short addresses and music by the sunday-school and congregation. Several appropriate selections from the new Sunday-school song book were rendered by a choir in attendance which proved a very entertaining feature of the services. Rev. J. Woodcock, the pastor, delivered an interesting discourse on the geography of the Holy Land, pointing out the principal places of interest on the maps, and explaining all the important points in connection therewith. Capt. Austin Curtin made a few remarks on the Sunday-school work, embracing a number of practical suggestions to those engaged in the cause. Mr. B. B. Else delivered a brief address on the subject, "actions speak louder than words." His remarks were likewise interesting, and illustrated with well-chosen anecdotes bearing on his subject. At the close of the services a liberal contribution was taken up in aid of the Sunday-school Union of the M. E. church. The congregation feel grateful to those who were instrumental in making the affair a success, both by their presence and hearty co-operation.

"Mount Nittany."

The mountain scenery in and about Bellefonte is growing into popularity every year, and throughout the State. This is obvious from the fact that many strangers who visit the place inquire for the road leading to Pennsvalley and the celebrated Penn Cave, saying they had heard its praises sung oftentimes in the course of their traveling, and desired to see for themselves. Pennsvalley is deserving of all the reputation her beautiful scenery has won for her, as no valley in the State presents a more attractive view when clothed in her summer garments of green. We have never yet heard of anyone visiting Nittany mountain and gazing upon the gorgeous spectaclue below, who was not completely carried away with the view, and he who would not manifest his admiration in a demonstrative manner at what is to be se seen there, must have a very poor conception of the beautiful. If a hotel were built on the summit of the mountain, located so as to command an unobstructed view of the valley, and with all needed conveniences, we venture to say that it would become, in a few seasons, a resort of considerable note.

—A contemporary highly recommends the following as a palatable and wholesome harvest drink: Mix oatmeal with water in proportion of three or four ounces to a gallon of water. This is found not only to satisfy the thirst better than water, or molasses and water, even when tempered with vinegar or other acid, but to produce additional strength of body. Oatmeal posseses a peculiar aroma and acts as a stimulant to the surface of the skin as to cause the complete digestion of the liquid Men employed in an atmosphere of the intensest heat, are much comforted with it, and become very fond of it. Hence it is in a measure "victuals and drink," possessing only virtues and without any drawbacks whatever.

—Good Mr. Stephenson, the barber, received a shock while sitting before his place of business Friday afternoon. Some fellow who was perishing for the want of a little fun slipped a whopping big fire-cracker beneath his chair, and when it went off he went in one direction and the chair in another, and neither have been seen since, so they say. It was an awful mean trick, anyhow.

—Our jovial friend, J. N. Vanormer, who now has charge of Humes' Mill, is grinding out a superior quality of flour—the Black Sea Foam—which gives good satisfaction to those who have used it. We have tried the new brand and pronounce it excellent. There is nothing about the milling business that Mr. Vanormer does not understand, hence his flour is the best that is made.

—Messrs. W. A. Sweeney and Billy Galbraith, two of Bellefonte's distinguished fishermen, crawled out of their beds at 3 o'clock on Thursday morning and went off to the mountains for a kettle of fish. They tramped all over the county and returned late at night, but when they came to count up they couldn't show but one trout and a couple of red-fins to save their lives.

—Mr. George W. Evans, of Milton, is visiting his father-in-law, Mr. Allen Schroyer, of this place. He is accompanied by his wife and daughter Bessie.

SUICIDE AT MILLHEIM.

A Young Man Shoots Himself Through the Heart.

A young man named Elmer Brown, son of Mr. Henry Brown, of Millheim, committed suicide at that place on Monday evening by shooting himself through the heart, while in a melancholly state of mind. The particulars, so far as we have been able to learn, are about as follows: A few days since Mr. Brown missed a sum of money, something like five dollars, and although he had never detected his son in a dishonest act, the circumstances in the case led him to believe that the lad confiscated the money and charged him with the theft. He stoutly denied having taken the money, however, but seemed disposed to say very little about it.

Shortly after supper on Monday his father held another consultation with him, endeavoring to make him retract his former denial and tell the truth in the matter, telling him that if he would do so, and return the unexpended amount, nothing would be said about it. But the young man refused to take back his words, and remarking that if "this had not happened the family would have had something else to talk about," or words to that effect, left the house and went into the street.

About eight o'clock in the evening, a citizen who was passing down Water street observed young Brown sitting on the edge of the sidewalk with his face buried in his hands, in a very dejected manner. He walked on without molesting him, but when a few rods below was startled by the sharp report of a pistol, and turned around just in season to see Brown fall back on the sidewalk and a pistol drop from his hand. He was promptly removed to his father's house, and a physician summoned. Upon examination it was found that the ball had passed through the heart, which had resulted in his almost instant death.

The deceased had hitherto borne a good reputation in the community, and we are informed was a steady, industrious youth, and had many friends and acquaintances, who will regret this sad ending of his life.

The affair created more of an excitement in Millheim than the town has known for many years.

Wanted to Die.

A young lady named Ellen Snokes, employed at the Park Hotel, Harrisburg, attempted to drown herself in the river on Thursday morning, but was rescued. She was taken to her room in the hotel, but on being left alone she ran out of the house and down to the bank, and if she had not been caught would have thrown herself again into the river. The *Telegraph* says:

"Parties who were eye witnesses to the affair state that the girl, who has been employed at the Park Hotel for the past two months, was very despondent and said that she had trouble. When she first went into the river she waded out until the water was almost up to her waist, and then kneeled over. By this time her rescuers had reached her. She fought them all the way up the bank, protesting against the rescue, and saying that she was desirous of dying. After being taken into the house the first time she reiterated her statement that she did not want to live because she had trouble. She was undoubtedly crazy, but what caused her demented condition she would not say. The quiet of her home in Millersburg will no doubt have a good effect in restoring her.

"The girl has been of a very quiet disposition, and nothing that she has ever done would lead those who know her to think that she would attempt to commit suicide.

—Says the Lewistown *Gazette*: On going to his stable one morning recently, R. E. Wills, of Menlo township, Mifflin county, found a valuable horse belonging to him lying dead, with a great gash in his breast. Mr. Wills had the cut examined by an expert, who pronounced it the cut of a knife. No knife being in the barn, and no sharp instrument being there on which the horse could have hurt himself, it would indicate that the deed was the work of some person. It is hard to believe that any person in that section had fallen so low as to seek revenge for some fancied injury by such a cruel and dastardly act, but with the facts now at hand there seems to be no other solution.

—A horse belonging to Mr. Jacob Sprankle, of Roopsburg, was struck by lightning and killed during the storm of Saturday. A large oak tree in the same field with the horse was also struck, and the bark peeled the entire length of the trunk.

—A stranger who was in town on Saturday, on seeing Mr. Bush's summer house, on Water street, remarked that he "guessed Bellefonte did not consume much gas according to the size of the house." He has evidently been a great traveler.

THE NEW BELLEFONTE FENCIBLES.

Their Organization, Election of Officers and Other Proceedings.

Company B, of the Fifth Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, which has taken the time honored name of a similar previous organization, that of the Bellefonte Fencibles, assembled on Saturday afternoon in the room of the Undine fire company for organization and the election of company officers. Pursuant to order, the proceedings were conducted by Major George F. Harris, surgeon of the regiment.

The members of the company, 46 in number, were first mustered in by Major Harris. The remaining members, to raise the strength of the company to 52 men, will be sworn in on Tuesday evening next.

An election for commissioned officers of the company being next in order, Amos Mullen and Major J. L. Spangler were put in nomination. Major Spangler, it is proper to state, was named for the position by some of his friends, though he evidently did not seek the office. Mr. Mullen was elected Captain on the first ballot. For First Lieutenant George L. Potter was chosen, and for Second Lieutenant Harry S. Hale.

The selection of officers gives, so far as we can ascertain, general satisfaction. None of the gentlemen elected had been prominently named for the position, and their choice was a surprise to themselves and the community generally. Yet, like the nominations at Chicago, it was even better, when duly considered, than most had hoped. Captain Mullen has had experience as a soldier in our late civil war, and his selection is, therefore, especially appropriate. He has every quality of a first-class officer. Lieutenants Potter and Hale have not, so far as we know, had experience in actual warfare, but they have the qualities—physical, mental and moral—out of which good soldiers and officers are made.

In the evening the newly-organized company again met at the Undine hose house. Here they were formed in line, two by two, preceded by the Mountain City Band and commanded by Lieut. Col. D. H. Hastings. They first marched to the residence of Capt. Mullen, on Bishop street. The company drew up in dress parade order on the street, when the Captain was formally notified of his election, and was duly sworn in by Maj. Harris. Capt. Mullen thanked the company for the honor conferred upon him, and called upon Maj. Spangler to make a more formal speech of acceptance and acknowledgement on his behalf. Maj. Spangler's address was in his usual happy vein. The company gave three hearty cheers for their Captain, who then came out and took command of them in person.

The company then marched to the residence of ex-Gov. Curtin, who after a serenade by the band, appeared and delivered a most interesting address, which we regret we did not make preparations to have reported in full. It was devoted principally to a review of the history of the old Bellefonte Fencibles, and the part they took in the war of the rebellion. Gov. Curtin, it is well known, was the first captain of the company whose record is a proud one.

The next stopping place was at the house of Lieutenant Hale on Allegheny street. He appeared and called upon Col. Hastings to do the speech-making in his behalf, and of course it was well done. The lieutenant received the usual ovation of cheers from the company.

Then Lieutenant Potter was visited on Linn street, and duly notified of his election. He responded in person with a few words. The usual music and cheers followed.

Major-general Beaver, commander of the division, was then serenaded at his home. He responded with an eloquent speech, giving the boys encouragement, but telling them it would require hard work to attain the desired efficiency, but he had no doubt that they would reach the first rank of military excellence. He assured them that if they gave evidence of a determination to succeed, they should have all the outside assistance they needed.

The company were then marched to a position in front of the Diamond where they broke ranks and dispersed.

That ended the day's doings for the initiative proceedings of the new military organization, which starts out with most excellent prospects for a brilliant and useful career. May their highest hopes, and those of the community respecting them, be more than realized.

—Grand mass meeting at the Court House to-morrow night to ratify the nomination of Garfield and Arthur. Speeches will be made, interspersed with music. Let everybody attend who can.

—A delegation of Sioux Indians, who have been in Washington for several weeks, had a final conference with the Secretary of the Interior on Monday in reference to the sale of some land within the limits of their reservation to the Dakota Central Railroad. They consented to sell to the railroad company one section of land near Fort Frere, on which is located a depot building. The price demanded for the land is $5 per acre. After these Sioux warriors get their affairs satisfactorily adjusted they should come to Bellefonte and visit Sechler & Co.'s famous grocery store. When they see the long shelves loaded down with nice fresh goods they will no doubt order a big supply, just as everybody does who visits them. If these redskin chieftains will order a cargo of Sechler's groceries sent out to their western homes they will find life a pleasure instead of a burden. And that's the way these groceries effect everybody.

—Information is wanted of the whereabouts of John Robinson, son of Charles and Mary Robinson, of Lewistown, who left that place twenty-two years ago and was last heard of in St. Louis, where he was employed on a river steamboat. Any information respecting him will be thankfully received by his mothrr, Mary Robinson, Lewistown, Pa.

—A mastodon's tooth weighing three pounds was recently unearthed at Erie.—*Lancaster Examiner.* We know of a man in Bellefonte who has got a cheek on him just the size for that tooth.

—For a nobby hat, tie, or anything in the gentlemen's clothing line, call on Lewins, at the Philadelphia branch. He can suit you if anybody can.

—Cultivators, shovel plows, horse hay rakes of the very best make at rock bottom prices at

ALEXANDER & Co's.

—Cultivators, shovel plows, scythes cradles, forks, rakes and everything else in the hardware line at H. K. Hick's. 21-tf.

—Cayuga plaster, finely ground, the best in the market, only $7.00 per ton at ALEXANDER & Co's.

—New Lanquedoc laces just received at Lyon & Co.'s.

—The Climax and Buffalo refrigerators for sale at H. K. Hick's. 21-tf.

—A nearly new truck wagon for sale at H. K. Hick's. 21-tf.

—A new two-horse wagon for sale at H. K. Hick's. 21-tf.

—Full sets of undergarments at Lyon & Co.'s.

MARRIED.

GOBBLE—CARD—June 3d, 1880, at Crazy Creek, Broome county, N. Y., by Rev. Cole, Miss Lavinia L. Card to Mr. G. C. Gobble, of Nittany, Centre county, Pa.

[Centre county papers please copy.]

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, June 15, 1880.

Trade jogs along, and a casual tour among our merchants develops to us that the live, wide merchants of our town have something to do.

GRAIN.

The price of wheat looks downward, but the competition among buyers in Bellefonte makes a firm market and wheat readily sells at our quotations, which is all the seaboard markets will afford. At Philadelphia amber sells at $1.27 and No. 2 Pennsylvania at $1.25. Rye, 88; corn, 52; oats, 38@39 for mixed.

The following item concerning the Liverpool wheat market will be read with interest:

From the general tone of the wheat market here it must be considered that a heavy decline in values is to be looked for during the next three months—crop accidents excepted. Some forecasts put it at as much as 20s per quarter, whilst actual sales have been made here of June and July shipments from American ports at 10s per quarter below spot prices. During the week prices on the spot have been steady here, whilst cargoes off the coast have hardened in value. This is caused by temporary wants and cannot be looked upon to continue, as the shipments from America must shortly very greatly increase, so much of last year's crop still being held there and the new crop fast approaching maturity in many districts. An attempt may yet be made by speculators in America to force up values; but it is evident that they, through miscalculation of the needs of Great Britain and other countries, have missed their market, and will be opposed now by the power of these countries to wait rather than pay higher rates.

Hay is now the gilt-edged farm commodity offered in our market.

BUTTER.—As the stock increases the quality decreases, and so it goes.

BEEF.—It is very easy to learn what beef costs by the steak, but the price of cattle is on secret terms.

Whitewheat per bushel	$1 10
Amber wheat	1 10
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	45
Corn, shelled	50
Oats new	40
Cloverseed	4 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 40
Flour, wholesale	5 75@6 00
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$22 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	20 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	17 00
Short straw per ton	10 00@12 00
PLASTER.	
Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 50
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	15
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	
Hams, sugar cured	19
Bacon	2
Lard per pound	7
Eggs per doz	8
Potatoes per bushel	25
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	16
Lemons per doz	
Dried sweet corn per pound	8
Small Onions per quart	